Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

Ohio is the only State which has a supply of politics constantly on hand.

It is beginning to dawn upon the Democrats that this is going to be a hard year to induce voters to take a stand against President Garfield.

We notice a sudden and complete cessation of the Democratic boasts about carrying this State this fall. Coming events have evidently cast a shadow before.

When the Democratic Reorganizers get their party in New York city filed down to suit them, what will they do with it? It is easy enough to predict what John Kelley will do with it. He'll upset it.

The Cabinet officers at Washington show good judgment in treating lightly the threats which are made to shoot them in the interest of Civil Service reform. Guiteau will for a long time, be the last man to go running for an office.

We do not wish to be considered as inciting assassination, but if O'Donovan Rossa would sit down hard upon a dynamite machine and explode it we think it would be a good stroke of business for O'Donovan Rossa, for Ireland and for the United States.— *N. Y. Tribune.*

If Mr. Pocketbook walter wants to secure the aid of the ablest boom starter in his party he should hire Barnum—that is, if he can find him. Barnum has not been visible to the public eye since he disappeared with the smell of the Morey letter upon his garments. He could make a lively campaign in Ohio, and the air would be thick with booms all the time. There is only one trouble with his booms. Nine times out of ten they are boomerangs.

Hartmann, who was implicated in the dastardly attempt to wreck the Imperial train near Moscow, and whose female accomplice in that plot recently perished on the scaffold in St. Petersburg, menaces the American public with a series of lectures on his experiences in his own country. He brings his credentials with him—an oval letter in red ink signed and sealed by the Executive Committee that orders all the assassinations. These credentials ought to be submitted immediately to the Department of State.

Secretary Blaine, prior to his becoming head of the Garfield Cabinet, was very often spoken of contemptuously by the independent press as being a mere machine politician, a sort of political boss, and largely deficient in the qualifications of enlightened statesmanship. But events have tried the character of the man, and shown him to be one of the ablest Cabinet managers the Republic has ever had. Despite all antagonism, personal or political, the Administration has become a marked success, for which the responsibility largely rests upon Mr. Blaine's shoulders.

This Democratic unhappiness in Ohio does not seem to quiet down easily. Mr. Pocketbookwalter has published a most elaborate letter of acceptance, *The Cincinnati Enquirer* has printed it without a word of comment. The Democratic leaders held a meeting for consultation. *The Enquirer* has published a full report of that, but still without a word of comment. From the time of Pocketbookwalter's nomination to the present it has not said a word in favor of him or in advocacy of his election. This is certainly strange conduct for the leading party organ in the State. Probably the *Enquirer* has nothing to say in Bookwalter's favor, which explains its silence.

One of the Lessons.

The following excellent article,—containing much good advice,—concerning the President's wonderful powers of endurance, the outgrowth of a temperate, regular life, we find in the New York *Tribune*, and commend it to the careful perusal of our readers, young men especially:

Probably it has never occurred to any one of the idle and dissipated class, either among the young men of our great cities or among men who are older and should be wiser, that the sick-bed at Washington had any special lesson for him. Yet such is the fact, plain enough to those who have eyes to see. We do not mean necessarily a moral lesson; it is sharp enough merely as a lesson of expediency. It may be compressed into this simple question; If President Garfield had been a man of dissipated habits, how long would he have survived Guiteau's shot? It has been clearly recognized from the first that the fact that the President has led a temperate, regular life, greatly increased his chances of recovery, and gave him that splendid strength and endurance with which he has fought against death. There are many dangers in such a case to which the man of intemperate habits in any particular would be more liable than the man who has never been addicted to what is called high living, but which might more accurately be called low living. It is probably true, also that the calmness and courage with which the first great shock and all the dangers that have followed it until now were met, were, although native to the man in some measure due to the wholesome poise of body and mind maintained by well-ordered living.

It is surely something to be equipped in this fashion to meet the great emergencies of life. Persons of more modest stations than Presidents are fortunately not in much danger of assassination. But no man no matter how inconspicuous his place in the community may be, can be sure that he may not at any moment be confronted as suddenly as President Garfield was with some situation demanding all his strength of body and mind to meet and be equal to it—perhaps, even in a physical sense to survive it. The unexpected happens now and then in the life of every man. The young fellow about town who pursues pleasant vices to pass away time, and dulls a brain already enfeebled by chronic idleness and dissipation; the lawyer, perhaps of middle-age who is letting the habit of drinking grow upon him day by day; even the man whose only sin is that fatal one of habitual intemperance in hard work;—none of those men, and none of the many classes for whom they may stand as types, can be sure that out of the calm of any commonplace day the crisis of their lives will not suddenly arise, under which a weakened body and a mind unstrung may go down in hopeless defeat. It is of practical value to every man, leaving considerations of morality aside, that he shall at all times have all his powers unimpaired, his body sound and healthy, his judgment clear and cool and all his resources under sure command.

A Washington dispatch to the Philadelphia *Press* says of Collector Robertson's policy in the management of the New York Custom House:

Collector W. H. Robertson, of New York, in company with Postmaster General James, called at the White House this morning to ask after the President's health. He then called upon Secretary Windom and spent some time in conference with him upon the policy to be pursued in the management of the New York Custom House. Both gentlemen agreed that the conduct of the Custom House under Collector Merritt had been eminently satisfactory and that a continuation of that policy would be for the best interest of the Government and the public. It is intended to take the Custom House out of politics as much as possible, and it is said that no removals or changes will be made except for cause. The management of the Custom House under General Merritt will be retained by his successor. Secretary Windom has a few ideas of his own regarding the management of the Customs, and he will in time gradually inject them throughout the entire service.

The Syracuse *Journal* says of the coming campaign in New York State:

The Republican party of this State is not divided; the heartburnings caused by the severe contest at Albany are rapidly disappearing; the results of that contest are accepted as wise and proper ones, and such is the good discipline and the innate spirit of the Republicans of this State that, in order that disaster shall not come from that cause, they will put forth extraordinary efforts to overcome any drawbacks that might tend in that direction. The shaping of the State ticket can as yet be only a matter of conjecture. The present State officers are understood to be candidates for renomination, except that Controller Wadsworth seeks a seat in Congress, instead of another term as Controller. There are good arguments both in favor of renominating the old ticket and a new distribution of the candidates. It is, perhaps, too early to determine just what is best and politic. The only question of serious importance is as to what ticket will command the heartiest support and have the best chance of success.

Governor Plaisted, of Maine, seems to be creating something of a commotion in the State. When the Governor's Council, over whom he presides, do not do as he prefers to have them, he slams down his gavel declares the Council adjourned without delay and flounces out the room. The Council views his exit calmly, and proceeds with the public business. The Governor announces to the public that he has abolished the Council, and refuses to recognize any of their proceedings. There the case stands. The members of the Council are elected by the Legislature as the Constitution directs, and they deny that the Governor has power to abolish them at will. They say the Governor adjourned but they did not, and they seem to be sound in the position. His object possibly is to give the people of the State a specimen of Fusion rule which will satisfy them for the rest of their lives.

There are many signs that the attempt of some of the more fanatical of the temperance people in Ohio to run a separate State ticket will not be successful enough to endanger Governor Foster's reelection. Many prominent members of the party have already come forward and declared that they consider a separate ticket this year unwise and calculated to injure the cause. Others say the Temperance Convention did not fairly represent the party, but was controlled by personal enemies of Governor Foster. In fact, there seem to be a good many people in Ohio who are temperance men in the same sense that Oliver Johnson said he was a Spiritualist. When he appeared on the witness stand in the Beecher-Tilton trial he was asked if he were a Spiritualist. "I am," was the answer, "but I am not a d——d fool."

In summing up the good results of prohibition in Maine, under Republican administration, ex-Governor Dingley states that the number of dram-shops has been reduced from one to every 225 inhabitants in 1833 to less than one secret groggery to every 1,000 inhabitants in 1881, while the sales in these secret shops are less than one-fourth what they would be in openly licensed saloons. He refutes the charge that there is more crime in Maine than in any other State by showing that there is in Maine one State Prison convict to 2,700 inhabitants, in Alabama, one to 1,400; in California, one to 600; in Connecticut, one to 2,100; in Massachusetts, one to 2,200; in New-Hampshire, one to 2,900; in Vermont, one to 1,800; and in New-York, one to 1,400.

Memphis *Appeal*: That the interest felt in the ate of our President was not the impulse of a moment, under the shock caused by the first news of the attempted assassination, is evident by the renewed earnestness, the outburst of sympathy, that everywhere, on Saturday, followed the announcement that his symptoms had taken a turn for the worse. That intelligence made us realize that he is not yet in safety, that there has to be more fears, more anxiety, before assurance comes Reflection has made more clear the fact that, as circumstances stand, the welfare and quiet of the country greatly depend upon Mr. Garfield's ability to resume his duties.

The Ohio Democrats are cast down by the discovery that there are some things in politics which even a barrel of money is not powerful enough to secure. They have made a nomination which is so bad that many members of their own party are disgusted with it and that fact is sufficient to show that it is a pretty bad one. They made it in the hope of buying their way through but they are discouraged in advance. One would have supposed that their experience with Mr. Tilden in 1876, and Mr. English in 1880, would have been a warning to them.

The statistics relating to the foreign trade of the United States for the fiscal year just closed show that the exports have exceeded those of any previous year. The aggregate of exports and imports is $1,545,912,692—figures which fairly make one's head swim. The imports have only been exceeded in amount by those of a single year—the previous one. This balance sheet should be closely scanned by the evil prophets abroad who have outoutlining a dreary vista of panic and bankruptcy for the American people.

The news from the White House continues favorable in every respect. Everyone is satisfied with the prospects of recovery and the source of treatment except the amateur critics who know nothing about surgery, and the professional rivals who have not been intrusted with the case. The bulletins are now signed by one of the consulting surgeons in addition to the regular staff, and are explicit enough to silence the carping outcry that the real facts are suppressed.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

Washington July 30, 1881.

The White House has again resumed the quiet aspect it wore during the most favorable days of the President's illness. One of the indications looked for to show the real condition of matters in the sick chamber has been the faces of his physicians and others having access to the bedside. This was referred to yesterday with favorable results in many instances. Crump, the faithful nurse, remarked as he came off from his night's watch at the President's bedside: "If you could see that man this morning you would need no one to tell you he was better. It sticks right out of him. Last night he slept like a baby." In fact, would there be no relapse, it can be safely said that there is no reason to doubt the President's recovery. It can be said too, that in the history of medical science, no patient ever before received such constant and unremitting attention. All that careful nursing and the benefit of advanced surgery can do for a patient, has been done for our President. Four physicians are giving their entire attention to his case, and two consulting surgeons from New York have been here most of the time since Sunday.

Some attention is being called to the criticisms made by Dr. Hamilton of New York upon the physicians in attendance upon the President. Evidently the distinguished New Yorker forgets that the public is perfectly satisfied that the President has suffered from no mistake in the treatment of his case, and he is reminded by a New York paper of the circumstances connected with his sudden withdrawal from the army during the war.

The physicians won't risk their reputations if they have any, by finding fault with the treatment of the President.

As soon as Executive business can be transacted the changes which will occur in officals will rival those immediately after the Inauguration.

Robert.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

From our own Correspondent.

VERY LIKE A WHALE—BLUE BLOOD AND OTHER BLOOD—MEDICAL MESSENGERS OF MERCY—THE STAGE AND THE PULPIT—CHEAP SUBSTITUTE FOR LAW—AN ORANGE FESTIVAL.

A good deal of ignorance, which is inconvenient, is sometimes mingled with the adaptability for any and all pursuits which characterizes our native-born citizens. It was the boast of commanding officers in the war that could, at a moment's notice, detail good men from the ranks of any regiment to run a church or printing press, make a clock, or in fact to make or do anything. Every American boy is a born carpenter and machinist, and his zeal and ability are most useful things to have in the house. Still, as I said before, inconvenience sometimes results. An estimable young man in Brooklyn, the other day, for instance, had got considerably exercised over some leak in his landlady's pipes, and volunteered to fix them for her scorning the idea that a plumber should be called in. So, tucking up his sleeves, he prepared his tools in the presence of the assembled household, who drew up their chairs and watched his proceedings with affectionate interest. He lacked a soldering iron, and, declaring he'd soon find something in the attic to suit, and after poking around there for some time, returned with apparently a very suitable instrument. When heated, however, it exploded, and, on inquiry, it was found to be the business end of an explosive harpoon, left behind by an old whaling captain, a former boarder. No lives were lost, and the amateur plumber has taken to studying other sciences.

So Mrs. Vic. Woodhull, the female broker, blackmailer and High Priestess of free love, has become a relation by marriage of Queen Victoria, who being somewhat straightlaced must be quite offended. Her beautiful daughter, Miss Blood, has captured Lord Colin Campbell, the fifth son of the Duke of Argyle and brother-in-law of Princess Louise of Lorne. It must be a love match, for the Campbells have for ages enjoyed the reputation of great prudence in money and other matters. There is no doubt that the merry King Charles I. owed his death to the treachery of a former Duke of Argyle, who sold him to Cromwell for a consideration, and the present one looks well to the baubees. He writes heavy review articles and gets paid for them, and two of his sons were for a while in business here in the tea trade. Without question the intimacy which has culminated so thoroughly must have begun in Gotham.

Fifty special sanitary inspectors have been appointed for the warm season now upon us to visit the tenement districts and render gratuitous medical aid and advice to the poor, their prescriptions being filled at cost or dispensed freely when needed at various designated drug stores whose proprietors get reimbursed by the city. It is a good measure, but the mortality in the crowded dens where our poor are obliged to congregate is always dreadful in summer. In spite of rapid transit a man who has to be at work early must live near it, and his family have to suffer when the torrid scorching of our heated term begins. The purlieus of a native quarter in an Indian city are not more close or more odoriferous than many blocks on Manhattan Island, and in spite of the agitation of philanthropists and others of late years, no practical improvement of any extent has resulted. The fact is, if landlords can make 20 per cent. by their overcrowded houses they are not going to fool any of it away for an idea. If death brings his carpet bag to stay it makes little difference. Vacancies are promptly filled by a number of paying tenants. The good Louis Bergh, T. G. P. P. O. T. A. S. F. T. P. O. C. T. A. is the proprietor of sundry tenement houses. So are lots of our most pious people.

It is queer how often churches become transformed into theatres. The Brooklyn theatre, where so many people were burnt to death a few years ago, is on the site of a church and graveyard, and now the sanctuary of the reverend Member of Congress Hyatt Smith, has been sold and a theatre will be erected in place of it, while another theatre is to be built at Elm Place, Brooklyn, on the ground once occupied by a Congregational church, ministered to by the eccentric Dr. Wild, whose theory that we are the descendants of the lost tribes of Israel was the perennial and incessant subject of his discourses that were by way of sermons. He wore it to rags at last and then the church departed in flames.

It is hard on the lawyers, but business men who look closely into the cents as well as the dollars in their transactions find their own courts of arbitration just as effective as the law courts, and much cheaper. Two produce firms got into a wrangle the other day about the delivery of some lard, there being a difference of one cent a pound, one way or the other, involving a matter of some $25,000, altogether, and the question being, I understand, a very nice one. It cost them just $45 to have it settled. Quite reasonable.

Radix.

One of the main witnesses against John D. Lee and the Mormon miscreants who were responsible for the Mountain Meadow massacre has perished mysteriously. The body of Bishop Philip Klingen Smith has been found in a prospect hole in Sonora, apparently with marks of violence. It is a startling sequal to one of the foulest chapters of Mormon history. What makes the fate of the witness terribly significant is his own prediction: "The Church will kill me sooner or later."

Late Pennsylvania News.

Small-pox is decreasing in Johnstown.

Marietta has started a stocking factory.

Francis Murphy is in Clearfield county.

Lock Haven has the petroleum fever very badly.

The saw mills of Williamsport are running on full time.

Maan's factory at Lewistown turns out 1,500 axes daily.

There are 800 patients in the Norristown hospital for the insane.

Prize fights are becoming common occurrences in Mauch Chunk.

Hay ought to be cheap this winter, as the crop has been immense.

The Allegheny river is lower this season than it has been for years.

Some of the best iron workers continue to leave Johnstown for Colorado.

A pet poodle was stung to death by bees in Norristown a few days ago.

The coke fields of the Monongahela regions are to have larger railroad facilities.

Thirteen Democrats want the nomination for county treasurer in Lycoming county.

In Chambersburg the names of drunks who are arrested are published every week

The Molly Maguires have an organization in Allegheny, Fayette and Westmoreland counties.

Cider making has been begun in some parts of Delaware county, where the early apple crop is large

During a storm in Conemaugh township, Somerset county, a flash of lightning killed twenty-five sheep.

A petition is in circulation at Scranton asking Col. Boles to prevent the encampment of the Third Brigade at Wilkesbarre.

The colored people in the western part of the State are already beginning the preparation for a grand celebration of emancipation day.

The Berks and Dauphin turnpike has been widened and improved at many points in the former county, the purpose being to improve the entire length of the road.

A blacksmith in Titusville noticed oil in a potato patch and dug several holes in which it could accumulate. For some days he has been dipping from two to three barrels out of these holes.

About twenty-five years ago, Harry Eicher, a farmer living near Greensburg, set aside an acre and a half of his farm for a "sand bank." From that time to the present he has delivered an average of $1,000 worth of sand per year making an aggregate of $25,000 dug out of the earth from a very small space.

Personal.

Ex-President and Mrs. Hayes are staying at Put-in-Bay.

Major Serpa Pinto, the African explorer, is a remarkably handsome man with brilliant dark eyes, a classical nose, a broad forehead, and an expression of force and daring.

Mr. John W. Bookwalter, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, is slightly above the medium heighth, and has a spare and erect, well knit and muscular figure. His features are regular and his eyes are dark and expressive.

The first Bishop of Davenport, the Rev. Dr. John McMullen, is said to have keen gray eyes that are full of unafected kindness. Although stout in figure, he stands straight and walks sturdy, having no loose flesh.

Robert Browning is pleasantly described as wandering through the crowd at the Royal Academy entertainments with a kind word and warm grasp of the hand for all his friends, and, above all "a stolen glance of affection at his son's pictures as he quitely passes them by."

The late Baron Hatherly in his youth refused to accept a portion of a large estate gained by his father through litigation, on the ground that the acquisition savored too much of gambling. In the same serious spirit Lord Hatherly carefully abstained from going to the theatre, although he was passionately fond of music, recognized at once any air from Rossini, and as a young man went constantly to the opera to hear Malibran.

The Princess Louise showed her appreciation of science the other evening by dining with Mr. and Mrs. Spottswoode, and amiably observing after dinner some remarkable experience in "blotting up" electric light. The Princess, who was dressed in black lace with a scarlet sash, was deeply interested in the experiments and stayed very late, being absorbed in conversation with divers noted scientific personages.

The Bishop of Carlisle says that he once told one of the chief portrait painters of our day that he had heard a third person remark that when the artist's pictures came to be looked at in future centuries, men would say: "How handsome our ancestors were!" Then said the celebrated painter to the Bishop: "I assure you honestly that I have never yet succeeded in committing to canvass one-half the beauty which I have seen in any face that I have ever painted." There can hardly be a fuller acknowledgement of the power of intellectual expression.

Poetry.

The Comet.

BY OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

The Comet! He is on his way,
And singing as he flies;
The whizzing planets shrink before
The specter of the skies;
Ah! well may regal orbs burn blue,
And satellites turn pale—
Ten million cubic miles of head,
Ten billion leagues of tail!

On, on by whistling spheres of light
He flashes and he flames;
He turns not to the left nor right,
He asks them not their names;
One spurn from his demoniac heel—
Away, away they fly,
Where darkness might be bottled up
And sold for "Tyrain dye."

And what would happen to the land,
And how would look the sea,
If in the bearded devil's path
Our earth should chance to be?
Full hot and high the sea would boil,
Full red the forests gleam;
Methought I saw and heard it all
In a dyspeptic dream!

I saw a tutor take his tube
The comet's course to spy:
I heard a scream—the gathered rays
Had stewed the tutor's eye;
I saw a fort—the soldiers all
Were armed with goggles green;
Pop cracked the gun! whiz flew the ball!
Bang went the magazine!

I saw a poet dip a scroll
Each moment in a tub,
I read upon the wrapping back,
"The dream of Beelzebub;"
He could not see his verses burn,
Although his brain was fried,
And ever and anon he bent
To wet them as they dried.

I saw a scalding pitch roll down
The cracking sweating Pines,
And streams of smoke, like water-spouts,
Burst through the rumbling mines;
I asked a fireman why they made
Such noise about the town;
They answered not—but all the while
The brakes went up and down.

I saw a roasting pullet sit
Upon a baking egg;
I saw a cripple scorch his hand
Extinguishing his leg;
I saw nine geese upon the wing
Fly toward the frozen pole,
And every mother's goslin fell
Crisped to a crackling coal.

I saw the ox that browsed the grass
Writhe in the blistering rays,
The herbage in his shrinking jaws
Was all a fiery blaze;
I saw huge fishes, boiled to rags,
Bob through the bubbling brine;
And thoughts of supper crossed my soul:
I had been rash at mine.

Strange sights! Strange sounds! O fearful dream!
Its memory haunts me still;
The steaming sea, the crimson glare
That wreathed each wooded hill;
Stranger, if through thy reeling brain
Such midnight visions sweep,
Spare! spare! O, spare thine evening meal,
And sweet shall be thy sleep!

Our Story Teller.

A Parisian Romance.

Jacques Bruhiere is an artist whose mythological pictures have a most delightful modern air. His Grecian goddesses look like Parisiennes; their wind-blown hair, their high-heeled sandals, and a peculiar twirl given to their drapery have captivated the Parisian ladies. So they crowd Jacques's studio and implore him to let them sit for Dianas and Andromedas. But he is a most unromantic fellow, and is swayed by no considerations other than those of gain. Although he is but thirty, he has gained fame and some fortune, and he is so industrious that he flies from useless words and time consumers—that is to say, women and lovers.

A year ago, just after the art exhibit closed, Jacques determined to go on a sketching tour. So he packed his trunk, assisted by his friend, Eugene de Lassi, and was bidding adieu to his studio, when the servant entered with a note. It was a nice little note, daintily perfumed, and the address was written in the most delicate hand imaginable. He read it, frowned, and, crumpling it up, threw it on the floor.

'Confound the woman!' he cried.

'What's the matter?' asked his friend.

'Why, I'm such an unlucky fellow,' replied Jacques. 'There's always some woman or other bothering me, writing about how she admires my paintings and how she'd like to see me, and all that sort of thing. Just as if a man should say he would like to see my paintings because he admired the cut of my beard. Look,' said he, picking up the letter, "Address Madame Leone,' such a street and number.'

'But,' said Eugene, who was reading the note, 'It's well written I assure you, full of most delicate wit. What are you going to do with it?'

'Oh, you literary men!' groaned Jacques. 'What am I going to do with it? Why burn it of course. What do you suppose I am going to do with it?'

'I'll tell you what to do with it,' said Eugene, 'you're going away—'

'Yes.'

'Then give it to me.'

'Why, what will you do with it,' said Jacques with a stare.

'Well, I'll play painter,' replied Eugene. 'I'm not much of a one, but I can daub a little—enough at all events to deceive a woman in love. And I'll find out who 'Madame Leone' is—that is only part of her name, I'm sure.'

So it was settled. Jacques Bruhiere, painter, set off for Switzerland, and Eugene de Lassi, man of letters, remained to personate him. But only for Madame Leone. Other visitors were told the truth—that the master was gone.

At last she came. Eugene's romantic fancy had painted her as young and beautiful. But she was more than that—she was divine. She was a brunette and had the most delightful nose, the most sparkling eyes, the most glorious hair, and the most adorable little hands and feet that Eugene had ever seen. He flattered himself that he was correctly made up for his role. His velvet blouse and jaunty cap were a little too clean, perhaps, but that was a good fault.

Madame Leone wanted her portrait painted, and it was very difficult for her to decide how it should be done. She wavered long. One day she would be Omphale, the next she had decided that to be represented as Salome was necessary to her peace of mind. But when Eugene had made his preparations, his fickle goddess decided that Delilah was the character that suited her. And then she would wander around the studio. and drape herself with barbaric stuffs used by long-gone models, and handle the curious weapons and examine the porcelains. And then she would say she was weary and would come the next day. And she would go leaving Eugene de Lassi deeper in love than ever.

As for him, he was in a dream. He had retired from the world. At his own quarters his door was daily stormed by publishers; by managers by printers' boys, by creditors and by friends. But no one knew where he had gone. He had told his servants he had gone away, but had not told them where. It was wrong, decidedly wrong, but he took a certain ferocious joy in it when he thought how he himself had once pursued these same editors and managers.

Eugene had at last discovered that his inamorata was a widow, wealthy and of good family. Her full name was Leone de Nores. He had never told his love, but that she was blind to it was impossible. Yet she was certainly blind to his paintings, for she expressed her admiration of it with an enthusiasm that made Eugene wince. But one day, when he was as usual, attempting to transfer her to canvas, a particularly attrocious tree which he introduced in the background attracted her attention.

'Jacques,' said she, 'don't you think that you are—that you are—well that you are losing a little of your skill?'

'What?' shouted Eugene.

'I mean—that is—I'm afraid I keep you from your work so much that—'

'I only hope that you may keep me from it forever,' returned the amorous Eugene. And so the dangerous moment passed.

* * * * *

But this state of affairs could not last forever. One fine day, as Eugene was seated upon a divan thinking of his lady love, who had just departed, who should enter but Jacques Bruhiere. Yes, there he was, with his attendant carrying his umbrella, his sketch books, his camp stools, his baggage—a true artist just from the country. The false one trembled as he thought that his dream was over. Had he been a Borgia he would have slain his friend. As he was not he pressed his hand warmly and bade him welcome.

But how could he extricate himself from his dilemma? How could he answer to a high spirited woman for the deception he had practiced upon her? As to persuading Jacques to consent to any arrangement for keeping up the deception, that was out of the question; where his art was concerned the painter would prove as deaf as a post and as unmanageable as a balky horse. So Eugene was puzzled.

Finally a bright idea occurred to him. 'Why not,' thought he, 'give a comic turn to the affair? If properly done, Leonie will be disarmed. She is easily moved to laughter, and then I will explain and beg her forgiveness.'

Alas! Poor Eugene's idea was not a happy one.

The next day, when Leonie appeared, it was Jacques who met her at the door. He was in blouse, cap, and carried palette and brushes.

'Can I see Monsieur Bruhiere?' she asked with some little surprise.

'That is my name, madame,' replied the painter.

'You Jacques Bruhiere!' said she, with an amused laugh; and she pushed by him and entered the studio. 'You the great painter? No, no!' and she seated herself and looked at him defiantly.

But if she was at her ease in the studio he was more so. Her quick woman's eye noted this, and on the easel there was already begun a canvas in which she recognized the master's touch. Leonie was becoming ill at ease. She picked up a little Hindoo god which stood on the table beside her and fingered it nervously. Her hands trembled, the little monster slipped from them and dashed to pieces on the floor.

The artist stepped to the door and rang the bell. The door opened and a servant entered, clad in livery and wearing an apron, rendered necessary by the fact of his cleaning brushes.

'Did monsieur ring?' he asked.

Leonie stared at him and grew white.

'Yes, Jean,' replied the artist. 'Gather up the fragments of this trifle which madame has unfortunately broken. Now,' said he, turning to Leonie, 'if madame will kindly inform me to what I owe the honor of this visit—'

He stopped. Her white, set face, her staring eyes, frightened him.

'A lackey!' she hissed, 'a base lackey! And I have loved this heartless, cruel, lying wretch!'

With a sudden impulse of fury she snatched up a pretty toy, a silver poignard, which lay upon the table and sprang at Eugene. Quick as a flash the artist dashed between them. But quick as he was, he was too late. The poignard struck Eugene in the side, inflicting a deep wound. As he did so Leonie uttered a shriek and fainted away.

Eugene's comedy had become a tragedy.

'Truly a pretty sight for the studio of an honest, hard working painter,' groaned Jacques Bruhiere, as he gazed upon the two prostrate forms. 'This comes of obliging your friends. Catch me doing it again.'

* * * * * *

Three years had passed. Leonie was in the brilliant salon of the Comtesse de Sagone, whose house was always filled with the literary men of the day, and she invariably secured the literary lion. She was making her way through the brilliant throng toward Leonie.

'My dear,' said she, when reached her, 'you have read that noval of which all Paris is talking—'Les Deux Princesses?'

'Yes,' said Leonie, 'it is a charming work.'

'Do you know its author?'

'Eugene de Lassi? No. Is he here this evening?'

'Yes, I want to present him to you. Ah, there he is. Monsieur de Lassi!' and in another moment there stood before Leonie—the false painter!

For a moment she hesitated; but the old spell reasserted itself, and she found herself listening, almost against her will, to his pleas for pardon. And he pleaded his cause most eloquently.

'I am half inclined not to forgive you,' she said at length, 'you acted abominably, you know you did.'

'I acted like a fool and a knave,' said Eugene, 'and you ought never to pardon me; but you will, won't you?'

'Well,' said the beauty, semi-reluctantly 'if you'll be a very good boy—'

'Yes.'

'And never deceive me again—'

'Never.'

'And never paint any more such wretched trees—'

'Never.'

'Then I forgive you for having played the servant.'

'But I want to play it again.'

She looked at him inquiringly.

'I want to be your servant forever.'

* * * * *

Their first child was a boy. He was called Jacques de Lassi, and Bruhiere was his godfather.

Mr. Blaine at Home.

The London *World* has added to its series of "Celebrities at Home" a sketch of Mr. Blaine, from which, though it contains nothing very new, the following may be quoted: "Mr. Secretary Blaine's house is incotestably the most popular in Washington. On Wednesday afternoon—the days in Washington when, during the session of Congress, the wives of Cabinet Ministers and those of foreign Ambassadors receive—there is no house in the American capital so crowded. Whatever the weather, however thin the attendance in other drawing rooms, there is always a throng at Mr. Blaine's. Nor is this due to the importance of his present position as Secretary of State. It was the same when he was in Congress, whether as member or Speaker of the House; it would be the same if Mr. Blaine were not in politics. People go there because they like Mr. Blaine and all his family, which consists of his intellectual and ladylike wife; a kinswoman of brilliant reputation in American letters, who uses the *nom de plume* of "Gail Hamilton," and six fine and promising children. In the examination of the drawing-rooms at Mr. Blaine's we find, among other valuable possessions, one very interesting picture—a large canvas by Sir Peter Lely, representing Charles II. and his Court. It is signed, with the date 1858. It was painted by Sir Peter for Lord Baltimore, and was bought by Mr. Blaine for a sum of comparative unimportance at the sale of the Calvert estate, Riverdale, Md., a few years ago. There is not an art gallery in Europe, public or private, which would not be enriched by this large historical picture, full of portraits, and executed in Lely's most delicate and yet most animated style. Near at hand, on a pedestal, stands a fine life size bust of Mr. Blaine, as good a likeness of the statesman as could perhaps be obtained in this form of a man, the charm of whose features lies principally in their mobility and ever changing play. Portraits of men of letters abound here. Dickens, Thackeray, Disraeli, Washington Irving, Hawthorne and many others gaze down from the walls, principally in the last of the suit of drawing rooms—the one in which the Premier sits of a morning before going to the Department of State, examining such letters as imperatively demand his attention at home. Routine correspondence is carried on by secretaries in a vast room at the top of the house and is an enormous and never ceasing task."

Local Small Talk.

—A great crowd is expected at Wayne camp this year.

—A large number of summer visitors are in town at present.

—The death rate among children in this section is unusually large.

—The ice men and doctors are running the business boom in town just now.

—The new comet, now approaching the earth, will be visible to the naked eye about August 20th.

—So long as this delightful coolness prevails in the weather life will continue to be worth living.

—The blackberry crop is going to be immense, and mouths will be worn blacker than usual.

—There seems to be a lull in the picnic boom. There are several Sunday schools yet to hear from.

—Chestnuts, it is reported, will be plenty this fall. This will be good news to lovers of the prickly fruit.

—A free use of lime about your premises this month may prevent many forms of disease from arising.

—Berwind, White & Co.'s new office in Snow Shoe is pronounced one of the coziest and handsomest in the State.

—Some of our town sportsmen have been out woodcock hunting several times this week. They found the hunting excellent, but——.

—Our ebony colored friend, Mr. William Pinkney, now officiates as "chief portah" at the Brockerhoff. John Thomas is his assistant.

—The new comet is said to be approaching the earth in almost a direct line. Watch for its appearance in the neighborhood of the North star.

—Mr. Martin Haines, late of Berwind, White & Co., of Snow Shoe, has accepted a position as bookkeeper with Mr. John T. Fowler, at Fowler Station.

—The swarm of candidates are beginning to take a deep interest in everybody's family who is a voter. They are also practicing on the friendship grip.

—Superintendent Wolf has secured the services of H. F. Bitner, A. B., a graduate of Franklin and Marshall college, to take charge of the Spring Mills academy.

—Mechanicsburg has a dog-catcher. That's just what Bellefonte needs. There are enough curs here, belonging to nobody in particular, to keep a healthy dog catcher busy for six months.

—Gov. Curtin thinks President Garfield has one chance in ten to recover from the effects of the assassin's bullet. But, like all good citizens, the ex-Governor earnestly hopes this one chance may save him.

—The reason Coup's show will not exhibit in Bellefonte is because the railroad company cannot furnish siding accommodations. If this is the case, we needn't expect a visit from railroad shows hereafter.

—Francis Murphy, so it is reported, has declined the license to preach offered him by the Clarion District Conference of the Methodist church. He thinks he can do more good in the temperance cause by remaining a layman.

—Our sister town of Philipsburg has been visited by two shows this month. She needn't look over this way, though, and wink. We have a circus of some sort on our streets about as often as Saturday night comes around.

—John Dawson announces himself the Greenback candidate for Sheriff. Sheriff Dawson! te, he! ho, ho! John has mistaken his calling; he has the veritable paunch of an alderman. At any rate, whoop 'er up for Sheriff Dawson—and reform!

—Isaac Lose is the name of the man who will wrestle with the successful Democratic candidate for the office of Sheriff. Mr. L. is a popular man throughout the county, and will give the other fellow, whoever he may be, a lively race for victory.

—We hear that an attempt was made, a few nights since, to break into the residence of Mr. Shugert, on Linn street. A hole was cut through one of the lower shutters, but for some reason or other the thieves did not proceed further with their operations.

—Messrs. McShay and Wolf, the Bible Society agents who have been canvassing in this vicinity, inform us that they have been very successful in Bellefonte. They have given the town a thorough going over, and, although a little surprising, brought to light several cases of actual destitution, the absence of the good book from these dwellings being caused by negligence and poverty.

—Messrs. Armstrong & Dixon, proprietors of the Lock Haven paper mill, will proceed, says the *Republican*, to erect new buildings as soon as the insurance is adjusted. The new buildings will be of brick, with stone foundations. They will be put up separately, with fire walls and roofs of iron or slate. A store room will be added to the former buildings, but the capacity of the mill when completed will be ten tons per day.

—A West ward citizen was hit on the nose with a hailstone Thursday. Although the frigid missile was no larger than a pea, he thought a paving stone had struck him, and expected to find his smeller mashed all out of shape when he reached home.

—A Spring Mills correspondent of the *Democrat* wants a man to fill the office of Register who can "sprech" German. Wouldn't it be a better plan for the Spring Mills man to learn to understand English? Business is not transacted in the German tongue in this country.

—Work is progressing rapidly on Dr. Hayes' new building on Linn street. The brickwork is about completed, and carpenters are now at work on the roof. When finished it will be quite a stylish looking mansion, although its elevation is a trifle too lofty.

—One of our exchanges, which received a copy of the first issue of Philipsburg's new paper, which contained about two sticks of original matter, the balance "patent material," speaks of it as being "ably edited and a credit to the town." And this is called journalism. Bah!

—The two noted metropoli, Williamsport and Bellefonte, are talking big about Boards of Trade in their midsts.—*Altoona Sun.* Yes, and it won't be long before our Altoona contemporary will hear of the Bellefonte Stock Exchange, Commercial Clubs, and such things. O, we're doing it down here, we are.

—Some of the Co. B boys practice target shooting nightly, when the weather permits, at the new range on Humes' farm, in Coleville. Their intentions are, evidently, to become expert, with the view of opening the eyes of some of the crack shots they are liable to come in contact with at the Saltsburg encampment.

—No sooner had Judge Orvis returned from his trip to the sea shore than he donned his hunting trousers, packed his sporting valise and hied himself away to the mountains on a two weeks' trouting expedition. In the Judge's estimation a day's trout-fishing discounts four weeks of alleged sport at a fashionable seaside resort.

—Circus men are getting into all sorts of scrapes this year. Two attaches of a show were arrested in Harrisburg a few days since for complicity in a murder, and on Tuesday one of the clowns of Batchelor & Doris' show was arrested in Huntingdon for receiving stolen jewelry. Perhaps this is where the "greatest on earth" comes in.

—The Mount Union *Times* is responsible for this: A man in Huntingdon county who flatters himself that he is quite as well informed as any of his neighbors, was very much surprised on the 11th day of July when one told him that President Garfield had been shot by an assassin on the 2d day of July. He seemed surprised that news should fly so rapidly.

—At a meeting of the directors of the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Company, at the office of the Pennsylvania company, in Philadelphia, on the 22d inst., a 4 per cent. semi-annual dividend was declared, and a proposition adopted to extend the Snow Shoe branch of the road four miles, in order to reach the new coal openings. The output of coal from the Snow Shoe mines now exceeds 600 tons per day. The coal is sold mainly for delivery at Albany and Boston, where it is used for steam purposes. The following were present: L. A. Mackey, president, G. B. Roberts, A. G. Curtin, J. N. DuBarry, James Duffy, James Gamble, John P. Green, John Irwin, Jr., and C. A. Mayer.

Weather for August.

Vennor has fixed up the following budget of weather for August:

August 1, warm and oppressive; 2d and 5th, generally pleasant, fairly warm days and cool to cold evenings and nights; 6th, fair and pleasant; 7th, heat and storms; 8th and 10th, sultry with heavy showers, cooler evenings and nights; 11th and 13th, heat, with cloudy and sultry weather; 14th, cooler change; 15th, cooler to cold, and cloudy and pleasant; 16th, storms; 17th and 18th, hail storms and frosts probably in some portions; 19th and 20th, sultry and showery; 21st, heat and storms; 22d, sultry and windy, 23d and 24th, heat and wind; 25th and 26th, heavy storms on the lakes and around New York; 27th and 29th, cooler weather, with rains and frosts; 30th and 31st, fair and pleasant weather, with cool evenings and nights, with indications of returning heat.

A Novelty in Money Orders.

Postmaster General James has hit upon a plan of facilitating the transmission through the mails at a cheap rate of small sums of money. The new device is an improvement upon the system of postal orders recently adopted by the English postal authorities. The improvement consists of three columns of figures, one to represent dollars, the second tens and the third units. Two denominations of these orders are to be issued—one for all sums within $2.50, and the other for all sums within $5. The $5 card has four figures and a cipher in the dollar column, and all the numerals in each of the other columns. The postmaster selling the order will designate the amount to be drawn by punching the figures in the respective columns. The orders will be payable to bearer, and the postoffice will not be responsible for their safe delivery any more than for fractional currency, for which they are intended as a substitute. Both sets of orders are to be printed on bank note paper, to be finely engraved and other precautions taken against counterfeiting. It is expected that the department will be able to sell them at from 2 to 3 cents for a $2.50 order, and from 4 to 5 cents for a $5 order. The postmaster will enter the amount of the order in writing on a stub, which will be the only check the department will need, and will contain only the amount of the order, the date of issue and the name of the office upon which the order is drawn. This will do away with a great deal of clerical labor, since the names of the remitter and payee will not be entered at all in the records as is done in the money order transactions, nor will any advices be issued. In order to prevent the use of postal orders as currency, they are to be redeemable only for three months after date of issue.

Married in Prison.

Says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*: Truly the course of true love never runs smooth, particularly when a lass does not love wisely. This was the case with Miss Mary Ellen Braine, of near Hummelstown, who in her confiding love for John Showers, of Lebanon, discovered, when too late, that she had not loved wisely, as John, with a coldness unaccountable, refused to fulfill his engagement. It was a case of dire necessity, which admitted of no delay, and therefore before Hymen could be invoked it was necessary to appeal to the stern minister of the law. A warrant was sued out before Alderman Abner Hummel, of Hummelstown, with which a constable proceeded to Lebanon, arrested the faithless John and lodged him in the Dauphin county prison. This morning Miss Braine, accompanied by her father and Alderman Hummel, visited the prison, when, after a short conversation with the prisoner, he consented to fulfill his vows and engagement, and was accordingly married by Alderman Hummel, who pronounced John Showers and Mary Ellen Braine husband and wife until death doth them part. The ceremony was performed in the parlor of Prison Keeper Duey, and was witnessed by that official, Deputy Fox, District Attorney M'Carrel and Alderman Maurer.

How Cresson got its Name.

The Hollidaysburg correspondent of the Altoona *Tribune* was under the impression that the splendid summer resort near the summit of the Alleghenies had been called Cresson by reason of the location on the crest or highest part of the mountain, but a gentleman who pretends to know says it was so named in honor of an American philanthropist, Elliott Cresson, a merchant of Philadelphia, and a member of the Society of Friends. Mr. Cresson was born March 2, 1796, and died Feb. 20, 1874. He took a great interest in the Indian and Negro population of the United States, and established the first colony of liberated slaves. In the years 1840-42, also 1850-53, in order to further the project of colonization, he visited England. By his will he left $122,000 to be distributed among various benevolent associations, besides a land estate valued at $30,000 to establish a home for aged or infirm merchants and gentlemen who had become impoverished.

Sunday-School Work.

Returning yesterday from an up-the-river trip, Rev. Mr. Crittenden informed us that the Sunday-school organized this year for the first time at Wistar Station is growing in interest, under the good management of Supt. Radecker and family, together with Mr. Beatty, the efficient teacher of the week-day school. At Keating Mr. C. J. Yeast is doing good service in the Sunday-school, as well as in the week-day school. Mr. C. had meetings at both these points last Sunday, with well-filled houses. He says: "Note this fact, that at both places all who were at Sunday-school preceding the sermon remained for the preaching services. I am not aware that one went away."—[L. H. Journal.

Wedding Remarks.

From the New Orleans Democrat.

The following remarks have mostly been said time after time at all our "tony" weddings, and will be said again and again on every such occasion.

Here she comes!
Pretty isn't she?
Who made her dress?
Is it Surah silk or satin?
Is her veil real lace?
She's as white as the wall!
Wonder how much he's worth?
Did he give her those diamonds?
He's scared to death!
Isn't she the cool piece?
That train's a horrid shape!
Isn't her mother a dowdy?
Aren't the bridesmaids homely?
That's a handsome usher!
Hasn't she a cute little hand?
Wonder what number her gloves are?
They say her shoes are fives.
If his hair isn't parted in the middle!
Wonder what on earth she married him for!
For his money of course!
Isn't he handsome?
He's as homely as a hedge-hog!
He looks like a circus clown!
No, he's like a dancing master!
Good enough for her anyway.
She was always a stuck-up thing.
She'll be worse than ever now!
She jilted Sam Somebody, didn't she?
No, he never asked her.
He's left town, anyway.
There the ceremony has begun.
Isn't he awkward?
White as his collar!
Why don't they hurry up?
Did she say she would "obey?"
What a precious fool!
There they are married!
Doesn't she look happy?
Pity if she wouldn't!
(Wish I were in her place!)
What a handsome couple!
She was always a sweet little thing.
How gracefully she walks!
Dear me what airs she puts on!
Wouldn't be in her place for a farm!
I'll bet those jewels were hired.
Well she's off her father's hands at last!
Doesn't she cling tightly to him though!
She has a mortgage on him now!
Hope they will be happy!
They say she's awful smart.
Too smart for him by a jugful.
There they are getting in the carriage!
That handsome dress will be squashed!
The way she does look at him!
I bet she worships him!
Worship be hanged! she's only making believe!
It's kind o' nice to get married, isn't it?
No, it's a dreadful bore.
Wasn't it a stupid wedding?
What dowdy dresses!
I'll never go to another!
I'm just suffocated!
Tired to death!
Glad it's over!
Oh, dear!

—More persons have been cured with PERUNA than with all other remedies put together.

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law.
Office next to Garman's hotel. In Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. MORRISON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.
Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

H. K. HOY, M. D. Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building High street Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

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FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-1tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF HENRY ECKENROTH, late of Spring township, deceased.
Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement, to
MRS. CHARLOTTE ECKENROTH, Administratrix.
Pleasant Gap, Pa. 26-6t

KANSAS LANDS AND WESTERN EMIGRATION. For terms, low rates of fare and tickets, apply to
WM SHORTLIDGE,
District Agent Kansas Division Union Pacific Railway. [12-40-1y] BELLEFONTE, PA.

Miscellaneous.

Farmers' Supply Store.

The Largest and most Successful Agricultural Implement Warehouse in Central Pennsylvania.

Farmers' Supplies.

SEEDS.

Mammoth and Small Clover Seed.
Choice Timothy Seed.
White Clover Seed.

Alsyke, or Swedish Clover Seed.
Orchard Grass Seed
Kentucky Blue Grass Seed.

Red Top Grass Seed.
Meadow Foxtail Grass Seed.

Meadow Fescue Grass Seed.
Sweet-scented Varnal Grass Seed.
Rough-stock Meadow Grass Seed.

Hard Fescue Grass Seed.
Tall Oat Grass Seed.
Crested Dogstail Grass Seed.

Perennial Rye Grass Seed.
Italian Rye Grass Seed.
Florin, and other grass seeds.

LAWN GRASS SEED.

Farmers and owners of pasture lots can grow *grass* instead of weeds, by sowing a mixture of the above seeds. It has been demonstrated by practical experiment that a variety of grass will keep up a continuous pasture and prevent the growth of weeds.

THE McSHERRY GRAIN DRILL, with wooden pin, gum spring and fertilizer attachment. We only ask a fair trial to convince any farmer that the McSherry is the best in the market.

THE GEISER GRAIN THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS recommend themselves.

HAY RAKES, hand and self-dumping.

THE HEEBNER Level Tread Horse Powers and Separators, for one or two horses.

CONKLIN WAGONS.

We keep a full supply of farm, lumber and road wagons on hand, at the lowest prices. We buy by the carload.

CORTLAND Buggies, Carriages, Phætons and Platform Spring Wagons—guaranteed
CINCINNATI Buggies, Carriages and Phætons, at very low prices.

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS—The leading plow of the age. The only plow made that has a centre draft. No. 40 costs $14, complete. Shares 50 cents. It is so good that all makers try to imitate it.
Several makes of low-priced plows, cultivators, harrows, walking and riding two-horse cultivators, road plows, shovel plows, &c.

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THE AMERICAN IMPROVED is one of the best made. We sell at low prices.
We can sell other makes of Sewing Machines for $22 to $23—the same style and nature that are now being peddled and sold throughout the county at from $40 to $50. We will guarantee the machines we sell to be better made, more highly finished and more durable than the peddled machines. A fair trial will convince our customers that we mean what we say.

Farmers' Supply Store.

13-29d w2m ALEXANDER & CO

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A CURE GUARANTEED, 25 CENTS BY USING
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DR. METTAUR'S HEADACHE PILLS cure most wonderfully in a very short time both SICK and NERVOUS HEADACHE; and, while acting on the nervous system, relieve DYSPEPSIA in its worst forms, cleansing the system of excess of bile, producing a regular healthy action of the bowels.
A full size box of these valuable PILLS, with full directions for a complete cure, mailed to any address on receipt of nine 3-cent Postage Stamps. For sale by all Druggists.
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HEADACHE CURED
13-28-6m

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ALL THE NEWS OF THE DAY IS GIVEN in the REPUBLICAN.

Miscellaneous.

DIRECTIONS. For Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the head, &c., insert with little finger a particle of the Balm into the nostrils; draw strong breaths thro' the nose. It will be absorbed, cleansing, and healing the diseased membrane.

FOR DEAFNESS, apply a particle into the ear

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Having gained an enviable local reputation, displacing all other preparations in the vicinity of discovery, is, on its merits alone, recognized as a wonderful remedy wherever known. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical of its curative powers. It effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions, allays inflammation and irritation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the senses of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized after a few applications. A thorough treatment as directed will cure Catarrh. As a household remedy for cold in the head it is unequaled. The Balm is easy to use and agreeable. Sold by druggists at 50 cents. On receipt of 50 cents will mail a package. Send for circular with full information.

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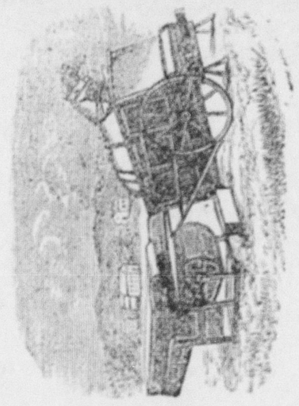
For sale by F. Potts Green, druggist, and by wholesale druggists generally. 9-26t [28-14t]



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A very healthful location; beautiful surroundings. Offers to young ladies all the advantages of a Christian home, with thorough course of instructions in the higher branches of education.
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EVER KNOWN.
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Choice Lands
In the Great Wheat Belt. For sale by the WINONA & ST. PETER R. R. CO. at $2 to $6 per Acre, on easy terms, at low interest. Lowest fare and freight. Fare refunded to purchasers. A climate unsurpassed for healthfulness. The best market facilities. Guide and Maps giving full information FREE. Address CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner of Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., Chicago, Illinois. Mention this paper.
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The 65th year opens Sept. 21st. New Building and many improvements. Gentlemen and Ladies. Four College courses. Preparatory School. Military department. Expenses less than any College of equal grade. Don't fail to send to President L. H. BUGBEE, D.D., for catalogue. 27-6t

Medical.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.
This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.
It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.
In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach
It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.
For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above *Mention this paper.*
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.
SOLD BY F. POTTS GREEN,
12-41-1y Bellefonte.

WHY DO YOU SUFFER
With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so pleasant, so certain, and so safe, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called
GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of
TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT
It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best Expectorants and Anodynes, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
Try one bottle and be convinced. Price 50 cents per bottle. Manufactured only by
F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

PE-RU-NA
Never fails to cure any kidney disease whatsoever; also, diseases of the bladder.
Incontinence of urine, (wetting the bed) PERUNA is a positive cure.
In errors of youth, PERUNA is a specific.
For brick-dust or other deposits, take PERUNA.
For nervous timidity and impotency, take PERUNA.
PERUNA will restore sexual debility to the energy, fire and vigor of youth in both sexes immediately.
For nervous prostration, caused by excessive natural or unnatural sexual indulgence, PERUNA is a sure cure.
Aged and young persons who are disturbed too frequently, at night, to make water, can rely implicitly on PERUNA.
For urinary diseases of both sexes, for female complaints of all kinds, PERUNA is a specific.
$1000 will be paid for any case PERUNA will not restore or at least greatly benefit.
Send for a pamphlet.
S. B. HARTMAN & CO., Osborn, Ohio.
Keep your bowels regular with
MAN-A-LIN
13-13-1y

BY UNIVERSAL ACCORD
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nation, prove them the best and most effective purgative Pills that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pills can be compared with them, and every person knowing their virtues will use them when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.
For sale by all dealers. 12-43-1y 4

Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster
No Remedy more widely or favorably known. It is rapid in relieving, quick in curing. For Lame Back, Rheumatism, Kidney Affections, and aches and pains generally, it is the unrivalled remedy. 27-4t

Vennor's Predictions
For this month's Weather, prepared expressly for STODDART'S REVIEW. Sample copy mailed for 3c. stamp. J. M. STODDART, Pub., New York, Phila. and Chicago. 28 3t

Miscellaneous.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.

For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Is the only positive cure known, and to show what this remedy will do, we give here as a sample of cases cured by it a statement which was

GIVEN UNDER OATH!

To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure. R. A. GAINES.
Enosburg Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.
JOHN G. JENNE,
Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ON HUMAN FLESH it has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any deep-seated pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for CORNS, BUNIONS, FROST-BITES or any bruise, cut or lameness. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Read below of its wonderful effects as a liniment for the human family:

HEMATITE, Mo., Aug. 28, 1880.
B. J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS: I am so overjoyed in view of the result of an application of your Kendall's Spavin Cure that I feel that I ought for humanity's sake publish it to the world. About thirty-five years ago, while riding a young ugly horse, I was injured in one of my testicles, and from that time to three weeks ago a slow but constant enlargement has been the result, giving me a great amount of trouble, almost entirely preventing me from horseback riding, which was my usual way of traveling. I saw a notice of your Kendall's Spavin Cure; never once thought of it for anything except for horses, but after receiving the medicine and reading over what it was good for, feeling terribly exercised about my difficulty, for I had consulted many physicians and none gave me any specific but when it could be endured no longer to remove it with the knife. I applied your Kendall's Spavin Cure as an experiment, and it was so painful in its application that I concluded not to repeat it, and thought no more about it until near a week, and lo and behold one-half of the size was gone. With joy I could hardly believe it. I immediately applied it again, and have made in all about one-half dozen applications, running over a space of two weeks, and the terrible enlargement is almost entirely gone, in view of which I cannot express my feelings of delight. It has been a Godsend to me; may He send to others with like troubles.
JOHN RICE,
Pastor of Hematite Congregational Church.
P. S.—You are at liberty to put this in any shape you may please. I am not ashamed to have my name under, over or by the side of it.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE!

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.
12-31 DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

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ALL KINDS OF
JOB PRINTING
EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER AT THE
Bellefonte Republican Office.
An Assortment of Beautiful New Type Just Received.

Job Printing.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO
PURE

AND
SILVER GLOSS
STARCH
For the Laundry, is the best and most economical in the world. Is perfectly pure, free from Acids and other foreign substances that injure Linen. Is stronger than any other, requiring much less quantity in using. Is uniform, stiffens and finishes work always the same. Kingsford's Polverized Corn Starch for Puddings, Blanc-Mange, Cake, &c., is pure and delicate. Preferable to Bermuda Arrowroot. When you ask for Kingsford's Oswego Starch, see that you get it, as inferior kinds are often substituted.
Sold by all first-class Grocers everywhere.
T. KINGSFORD & SON, Oswego, New York.

HOP BITTERS.
(A Medicine, not a Drink,)
CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION.
AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.
THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.
$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no Other.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkeness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
All above sold by druggists.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.
12-43

BEATTY'S ORGANS, 17 Stops, 3 set Golden Tongue Reeds, only $85 Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N.J. 27-4t

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LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y

$1000 REWARD For any case of Itching PILES Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated or Protruding Piles that DEBING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It allays the itching, absorbs the tumors, gives immediate relief. Prepared by J. P. Miller, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa. CAUTION.—None genuine unless wrapper on bottle contains his Signature and a Pile of Stones. All druggists and country stores have it or will get it for you. 18-

$2 Watches, Stem Winders $3.50, White Metal Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $6. Solid gold $12. Cheapest and best for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 152 Nassau St., N.Y.

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,
No. 29½ Second st., Above Race,
PHILADELPHIA.
For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 13-27-1y

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Republican County Executive Committee, 1881.

	NAMES.	P. O.
Bellefonte, N W,	David M Glenn	Bellefonte
" S W,	John R Bartruff	Bellefonte
" W W,	Geo A Bayard	Bellefonte
Howard boro,	Joseph Royer	Howard
Milesburg "	George Taylor	Milesburg
Millheim "	Samuel D Musser	Millheim
Philipsb'g "	John Gowland	Philipsburg
Unionville "	Benjamin Rich	Fleming
Benner twp,	John Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs "	George Fleck	Milesburg
Burnside "	Wm Stewart, Jr.	Moshannon
College "	Dr Theo S Christ	Lemont
Curtin "	William Robb	Howard
Ferguson, O P,	Dr G H Woods	Pine Gr. Mills
" N P,	D M Clemson	Rock Springs
Gregg twp,	R H Duncan	Spring Mills
Haines "	Jas P Coburn	Aaronsburg
Half Moon "	Harry G Love	Loveville
Harris "	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Howard "	Wm T Leathers	Mt Eagle
Huston "	John C Henderson	Julian
Liberty "	Daniel B Kunes	Blanchard
Marion "	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Miles "	Simon Spangler	Rebersburg
Patton "	John B Mattern	Buffalo Run
Penn "	Lot Kimport	Millheim
Potter, O P,	James C Boal	Centre Hall
" N P,	W J Thompson	Potter's Mills
Rush twp,	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe "	Dr J P Glenn	Snow Shoe
Spring "	John Bilger	Pleasant Gap
Taylor "	Geo W Merryman	Fowler
Union "	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker "	Henry Robb	Nittany
Worth "	Thos Weston	Port Matilda

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, Sec'y.

Republican Committee Meeting.

The members of the Republican County Executive Committee will meet in the office of the Chairman, at Bellefonte, on TUESDAY, AUG. 23d, 1881, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing two (2) delegates to attend the State Convention at Harrisburg on Sept. 8th, prox., to choose three (3) Senatorial Conferees, to fix upon the time for holding the County Convention, and transact such other business as may be presented for consideration.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, Sec'y.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

[Announcements must be paid for in advance. Rates made known upon application at the office.]

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce as candidate for Sheriff, ISAAC LOSE, of Bellefonte, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce SIMON M. SPANGLER, of Miles township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Recovery Considered Sure.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The improvement in the President's condition during the past week has been more marked than in any similar interval of time since he was shot. Saturday a week ago he was regarded in a very critical condition. A pus cavity had formed, the patient had suffered from rigors, and for a time it was doubtful whether or not pyæmia would set in and the President die. Dr. Agnew opened the pus cavity and this operation marked the beginning of what is now believed to be the plain road to recovery of the sufferer. Dr. Hamilton telegraphed to Mrs. Hamilton in New York: "The President has had a pleasant night. He is now sitting up in bed while Mrs. Garfield is giving him a little beefsteak. We are all in the best of spirits, feeling that his recovery is almost absolutely assured." Ever since the relapse he has been given liquid nourishment, but yesterday morning a small beefsteak was added to the bill of fare and relished heartily. Yesterday the President expressed a desire to sit up, but he was not allowed to do so. Yesterday the physicians determined to change his position, and the head of the bed was elevated so as to lift the sick man's head at an angle of fifteen degrees above the body. The President was greatly pleased with the change. Just as the hands of the clock in the sick man's chamber touched 9.20 this morning the President exclaimed: "It is four weeks exactly since I was shot!" Those four weeks have been the most trying ones he was ever called upon to bear. At no time has he been unconscious or unaware of his danger, and at times his mental suffering must have equaled the strain upon his physical system. He is now sharing the buoyant hopes of those who surround his bedside, and he has quite as much confidence in his recovery as have his physicians. The President's flesh is resuming its natural color, and his outward appearance indicates his restoration to health.

After the Infernal Machine Men.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Secretary of the Treasury Windom yesterday addressed communications to Collectors of Customs at Boston and New York, from which ports, it is alleged, the infernal machines and combustibles which recently arrived at Liverpool were shipped. The letters contained instructions to the officers to use every endeavor to ascertain the name of the consignor of the packages. The Secretary, speaking on the subject said, while it may be impossible for the collectors to ascertain directly the names of the persons, he hopes at least to discover a clue which may lead to the detection of the guilty ones.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The shipment of infernal machines to England considerably agitates the representatives of the various steamship lines here, over the possible shipment of dynamite in their vessels. They say they are exercising all the precaution in their power to avoid similar possible occurrences; the agents in charge of the outward bound freight are watching all packages, especially those shipped by strangers, that might contain dynamite. The agents have had a conference, and as the result of this conference O'Donovan Rossa was deprived of the sub agency of the Allan line.

A Probable Murder.

BAKERSVILLE, O., July 29.—The authorities are at work ferreting out the mystery surrounding a sudden death that occurred as far back as May 29. The following day people were astonished with the news that one of our wealthiest farmers Ezekiel McFarland, had died the night before He had retired in usual good health and about midnight was aroused by the barking of his dog. He went to the window and took a seat in the rocking chair. A short time after his wife, who had fallen asleep, was awakened by his cries, and rushing to his assistance found him lying on the floor with a gash on his head. She supposed he had fallen and cut his head. He lived but a short time and it was supposed that he had died eithor from apoplexy or the effects of the wound he received. Recent developments indicate that McFarland was murdered. It is said he kept a loaded gun and whenever he heard a noise during the night he would get up take his gun and march around the house. It was discovered after his death that the gun was not loaded but had only ball and cap. The general supposition is that the gun had been doctored and that the noise near the house was made for the purpose of getting McFarland out and failing in this it is supposed the perpetrator of the crime entered the house and there dealt him a blow with a club.

Freight Trains in Collision.

RYE, N. Y., July 29.—Two freight trains were in collision on the New York and New Haven division of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad at this place yesterday afternoon. The train from New York was to switch off some cars to a side track, when a special freight train of thirty-two cars, all laden, signalled its approach from the east. The flagman was sent ahead to signal the approaching train, which could not be seen from the station on account of the great curve, but for some cause the flagman returned and the train which was to have passed through without stopping came on at full speed and dashed into the standing train. The conductor of the special train, Eli Latin, and Henry Hallock, brakeman, conversing on a flat car, where thrown between two cars, both of which were smashed. Latin was killed instantly and Hallock horribly mutilated. James Middy and Edward Elliott, engineers of the westward and eastward bound trains, were thrown from the engines. The former was severely and the later slightly injured.

Spanish Bank Robbers Arrested.

HAVANA, July 29.—On the arrival here of the steamer Alicante from Vera Cruz the police immediately went on board and arrested Louis Gie and Ignacio Rogue Hernandez, defaulters, of the Matanzas branch of the Spanish bank, also two brothers Ibanel, one a broker in Havana and the other in Matanzas, and the enquirer of the steamer, in whose charge were money and securities amounting to $80,000, including $40,000 in special, bonds and various drafts on Mexico and a draft on New York for about $20,000. The prisoners, who were elegantly attired, had small sums of money concealed in their boots, hats and other parts of their clothing and even in match boxes. Capt. General Blanco opened negociations with the Mexican Government for the capture and surrender of two more accomplices known to have sailed for Vera Cruz on the 11th inst.

The Afghan War.

LONDON, July 29.—The *Globe* this evening says: "We are officially informed a report has reached the India Office representing that the army of the Ameer of Afghanistan has been completely defeated by the forces under Ayoob Khan." The same journal learns from another source that serious troubles have arisen in consequence of the defeat of the Ameer and the Indian Government is greatly concerned at the gravity of the situation. A Bombay dispatch says a battle was fought yesterday between the Ameer and Ayoob Khan during which one of the Ameer's regiments deserted and went over to the enemy. Thereupon the remainder of the Ameer's troops fled, leaving their guns and baggage on the field.

The Postal Telegraph Company.

NEW YORK, July 29.—The trustees of the Postal Telegraph Company met to day at James R. Keene's office. Mr. Keene was elected President and C. H. Haskins, a well known telegraph man, Vice President. The organization is now completed. The programme and a full list of trustees will be made known to the public in a few days.

Big Blaze in a Western Town.

NEWCOMERSTOWN, O., July 29.—A terrible conflagration occurred here yesterday. It originated from a stable and spread rapidly. The entire population turned out and by heroic efforts got the flames under control, but not until two stables with their entire contents of grain and hay were destroyed and several dwellings damaged. At one time seven dwellings on Main street were on fire and the whole north end of town was in peril. The Port Washington fire company was dispatched for and arrived just after the flames were under control. The loss is about $6,000 dollars.

Another Crank put away.

ST. PAUL, July 29.—A contractor named Goodale, a near neighbor of Governor Pillsbury, was sunstruck recently, and ever since has believed that he was commissioned to assassinate Pillsbury a la Guiteau. He has so frequently announced his intention that yesterday he was examined by the Commission on Lunacy and committed to the St. Peter's Insane Asylum. His house was found to be a modified arsenal.

Ship Burned at Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.—The British ship Oriflumme was burned at sea in latitude 18° 12′ south, longitude 92° 42′ west. The crew arrived at Wilmington on the Italian bark Andrea. No particulars.

Fatal Quarrel at a Fire.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—A special from Ponca Springs, Colorado, says: Last night a fire broke out in the Bank of Ponca Springs. Citizens burst in and subdued the flames. J. P. True, the owner of the bank, arrived just after the flames were extinguished and ordered the people out. He then procured a revolver and accused Major Randolph Carpenter, of Leadville, of starting the fire. Both men were greatly excited. The City Marshal struck both with a revolver. True, supposing the blow was struck by Carpenter, fired, fatally wounding him. True was arrested. Both parties are well-known business men.

A Steubenville Sensation.

STEUBENVILLE, July 30.—The Councilmanic Committee on Police met last night to investigate the charges preferred by the Germania Turner Society against members of the police force. Considerable testimony was taken and in the course of the hearing it was charged that the Mayor has systematically violated the law in issuing warrants to other than the City Marshal, as the law directs. During the trial officers Myers, Kam and McEnery openly called a witness a liar while on the stand, and at times the investigation promised to end in a fight.

Change of Guage.

NEW ORLEANS, July 29.—At four this morning the guage of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad (Great Jackson route) from five feet to the standard guage, was begun and the entire line from New Orleans to Cairo, a distance of 550 miles, exclusive of sidings, together with the Kosciusco branch of twenty one miles, was completed and trains running in all directions at 3 p. m. to day. Over three thousand men were employed, and the expense will be about $3000,000.

The Infernal Machines Agitation.

LONDON, July 30.—The advisability of issuing a manifesto repudiating the policy of attempted outrages, such as is shown by the importation of infernal machines, has been influentially pressed upon leading Home Rulers, but it has been determined to take no action for the present, on the ground that evidence exists that the importation is connected with Irish affairs, and even if it is, no connection exists between the importers and Home Rulers.

Schurz as Minister to Germany.

LONDON, July 30.—The London correspondent of the *Times* says: We are credibly informed that Carl Schurz will succeed Mr. White as American Minister to Germany. It would doubtless be a splendid triumph for the man who fled from Berlin as a revolutionist, more than thirty years ago, to return as Minister of the great Republic of the West but is doubtful whether such a transformation scene would give much satisfaction at court.

The Murder of Mr. Pugh.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Secretary Kirkwood said to day that the Indian Department has no further information as to the murder of Pugh in Mexico; that an investigation is being had to ascertain whether the murder was really by Apache Indians or Mexican marauders; and if by Indians, whether or not they belong on a reservation or some roving band. The Department will do all in its power to get at the truth and bring the murderers to justice.

Rules for Prevention of Smallpox.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The National Board of Health has revised the rules concerning the prevention and spread of smallpox. As the changes must be approved by the President, the Board declines to make the changes public at present. It is ascertained, however, that the principal change is the requirement that all persons coming to the United States shall be vaccinated before sailing.

Mutiny at Sea

HALIFAX, July 30.—A bottle containing a slip of paper on which the following was written with a pencil was picked up at a point near Hall's harbor: "Ship Edgar sprung leak 15th day from Parisboro. Crew all mutinous. Captain shot twice. Crew left in boats. Short of provisions and water. Longitude 40 west, latitude about 46 S." The Edgar sailed from Parisboro last month.

Escape of the Desperadoes.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 30.—A special to the *Evening Journal* from Lake City says a gentleman just arrived from Eau Galliwoods says a party, headed by Sheriff Doolittle, came upon the Williams brothers, desperadoes, yesterday. They were fired on by the latter and the Sheriff and two others killed. The desperadoes then escaped.

The Revolt at Tunis.

LONDON, July 30.—A dispatch from Tunis says the Bey fruitlessly endeavored to raise an irregular force to proceed to the interior. He had sent a requisition to Biserta for irregular cavalry, but the men positively refused to respond. An open revolt was on the point of breaking out at that place.

White, the Mail Robber.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Chief Inspector Parker of the Post Office Department has received information of the arrest in Colorado of Ham White, a noted mail robber and desperado, formerly of Texas. White was convicted in April, 1877, in Texas of highway robbery of the United States mails and sentenced to imprisonment for life at Moundsville, W. Va. He was a daring highwayman, whom it was known had murdered a number of men. The President was induced to pardon White last spring. This, it is thought, was done without a full knowledge of White's crime. Immediately upon receiving his pardon he reentered upon his career as highwayman: organized his gang and robbed stages in Texas, Arkansas New Mexico and Colorado. He will be brought to trial at once in Colorado. Warrants have been procured for his arrest and trial in Arkansas and Texas to be used in case the Colorado prosecution fails to convict.

Silver Dollars in Demand.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Superintendent Davis of the New Orleans Mint reports to the Treasury Department that he will during the movement of the cotton and sugar-cane crops put out from New Orleans eight or ten millions of standard silver dollars. The annual demand for the silver dollar is thought to be about to recommence, to be followed inevitably by a backward flow of the coin into Treasury vaults. The Treasury Department has not purchased the full amount of silver bullion required by law for coining into silver dollars for several weeks past. The cause of this is that the high prices which have been placed upon bullion by dealers have rendered its purchase impossible.

Confession of a Murderess.

BIDDEFORD, Me., August 1.—Sarah F. Whitten, aged 21 years, was brought here Saturday for trial on a charge of having murdered her child, aged three weeks, several weeks ago. The body of the infant was found in the Monsam River at Kennebunk on the 19th instant. The tongue had been cut out. The prisoner was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff D. S. Bullock near Rochester, N. H. She states that Richard D. Day of Alfred, is the father of the child; that he met her at Kennebunk and advised her to kill it. She then took the child to the river, killed it with chloroform, and then threw it into the river.

Expelling the Whites.

CHICAGO, August 1.—A special dispatch to the *Times* from Little Rock Ark., dated July 29, says: "A private telegram from Fort Smith, Ark., says that General John Pope has issued an order commanding Lieutenant Shoemaker and a company of men to report to United States Agent Tufts at Fort Sill for duty in the Choctaw Nation. The men will be used to expel white intruders. Considerable excitement has been created by the order. Non-residents who have been ordered to leave have employed an attorney to plead their cause with Secretary Kirkwood, and the attorney has started to Washington for that purpose."

Disastrous Fire.

DETROIT, Mich., August 1.—A most disastrous fire visited Whitehall, Muskegon county, on Saturday night, sweeping almost the entire length of the main business street. Nearly every place of business is burned out. The loss is roughly estimated at $130,000; fair amount of insurance.

The heaviest losers by the fire at Whitehall are:—M. Kohn, dry goods, loss, $14,000; insured for $8,000. E. M. Ruggles, drugs, $10,000; insurance, $5,000. David Foster's estate, $9,000: insurance, $6,000. Twenty-five others lose an aggregate of $100,000, on which there is an insurance of $25,000.

Fatal Explosion.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 1.—About six o'clock this evening a terrible accident occurred at Wolner Brother's distillery. Some two months ago the distillery was burned, and to-day they were engaged drawing off beer from tuns which were left standing, when an explosion took place by which fourteen men were injured, the majority fatally. Max Wolner is already dead. Ignatz Wolner cannot recover. Among the injured is Thos. R. Sinclaire, general agent of the Sinclaire Rectifying Company, of New York city. Sinclaire, it is thought will recover.

Garfield's Wound Discussed.

LONDON, August 1.—Last week's *Lancet*, the leading medical journal of London, discussing President Garfield's wound, says: A portion of the dress may have been carried into the wound, and each abscess that forms is not only a direct source of danger from pain and fever and the danger of its spreading deeply, but with each there is a fresh liability to blood poisoning. It is quite impossible to feel any certainty that we may not hear of another abscess or relapse, and it is of great importance that the patient's constitutional vigor should be maintained at as high a pitch as possible in view of further trouble. The absence of fever and severe exhaustion removes any cause for immediate alarm; until the wound is quite healed and the bullet either removed or safely encysted there will be a liability to recurring abscesses, each attended with the risk of blood poisoning.

The Czar at Moscow.

Moscow, July 30.—The Emperor and Empress arrived here yesterday morning and had an enthusiastic welcome. On reaching the city they proceeded on foot from the Palace to the Cathedral, an immense throng cheering them lustily all the way. The visit to the Cathedral was followed by a reception at the Kremlin. To-day 20,000 troops will be passed in review at the camp, and to morrow (Sunday) is fixed for a pilgrimage to the Convent of St. Sergius.

Thrown From the Rails.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 1.—A freight train on the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland Railroad was thrown from the track at Huntsville, Ohio, this morning, by a bolt being out of the switch. Fireman Augustus Freeman was instantly killed and Engineer Meirs dangerously injured.

The Worm Bonanza.

It is contemplated by the ladies of the Silk Culture Association to make an exhibit of silk, silk-worms and cocoons at the International Cotton Exposition, to be opened October 5, at Atlanta, Ga., in addition to their own exhibition here in the fall. A few days ago Mrs. J. Lucas, President of the Association, wrote to Atlanta, making inquiries about the proposed exposition, and received an answer from Director General H. I. Kimbal, in which he says that no entry fee will be charged. "It is," says he, "a part of our enterprise to show what what can be done in the silk industry, and I shall be very glad indeed to have from your philanthropic Association a large and comprehensible exhibit. The silk industry in this country is yet in its infancy. It offers to the women of America a new field in which to exercise their ingenuity and taste and find remunerative employment, and whatever we can do here to advance the interest will be done most cordially and earnestly."

Among the letters recently received by the Association is one from J. O. Arnold of Dayton, Ohio, who offers to join in an investment to make silk-raising a success in Ohio. He states that there are thousands acres of mineral lands, containing coal and iron in Ohio, which can be purchased for a small amount of money, and these lands are adapted to the culture of the morus multicaulus and other varieties of the mulberry; and this territory is inhabited by miners who have children with absolutely nothing to do, not even a chance to farm. He has been impressed with the importance of utilizing those two elements of economy and systematizing them in athorough manner, under a skillful and successful superintendent, for the culture of silk, believing that in so doing, and by taking a broad view of educating people in this art, that America may become the great silk-growing country of the world."

For Time at Last Makes all Things Even.

Many years ago their dwelt in a certain Boston street two families which, although near neighbors, had no neighborly relation nor even acquaintance. This grew out of the fact that while the head of one house—let us call him Jones—was somewhat 'low condition,' the other whom we will style Pedigree, was "upper crust, a regular patrician." It rather troubled the Jones family to have the Pedigrees treat them as though they did not exist; but they managed to worry along, and in due time the Jones boys grew to be men and entered upon the serious business of life, one of them to such good purpose that he acquired wealth and became the President of a bank. One day one of the Pedigrees received a check on this same bank and stepped in to have it cashed. The teller was all politeness, said he had no doubt that it was all right, but added that the rules of the bank required that the presenter of a check should be identified. Mr. Pedigree found no fault, and added that he had no doubt Mr. Jones the President of the bank, could furnish the needed identification. Just then the President happened to pass from his private room and the teller handed him the check and stated what was wanted. The President took the check, examined the signature and the indorsement carefully, and looking Mr. Pedigree straight in the face, handed it back to the teller and said: "I do not know the gentleman." Mr. Jones then turned on his heel and went about his business. —*Sunday Budget.*

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—In all rheumatic diseases rely wholly on PERUNA.

—The largest and best stock of smoking and chewing tobaccos in town is at Sechler's, and users of the weed know it.

—Housekeepers will tell you that Sechler's family groceries cannot be beaten for purity and freshness, two conspicuous qualities.

—Work on the new Reformed church building is going on briskly, which is a source of gratification to the members of the congregation.

—M. S. Blair, of Beech Creek, will preach at the school house in Central City on next Saturday evening at half past 7, and on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

—It is said that the new comet can be seen at 2 o'clock a. m. When it makes its appearance at a decent hour, say 11 or 12 o'clock, we may take a squint at it, but not before.

—It has been said hundreds of times that Harry Green sells the best smokers kept in Bellefonte. If any one doubts it all that is necessary to be convinced is to try them. That will do it.

—If you should get caught in a shower, with nothing but blue sky overhead, don't be surprised. Strange things, in the weather line, are liable to happen during the continuance of dog day season.

—There are a good many routes a person can take to reach summer resorts, but to get a bang-up, first-class cigar take the popular sidewalk route leading to Harry Green's. All smokers prefer this route to any other.

—Capt. W. W. Potter and wife have returned from their trip to Waukesha Springs, Wisconsin. Mr. Potter is looking stronger and better than when he went away, and his health has no doubt been considerably benefitted by the change.

—Bellefonte cooks don't have any trouble in procuring good baking material in the line of groceries. They go to Sechler's, knowing well that at that establishment a pure and fresh article will be furnished them. Cooks who use Sechler's groceries always have splendid luck in baking.

—Do you desire your pantry to be stocked with pure, fresh groceries? If so, it is not necessary to go further than Sechler's, in the Bush House block. The goods sold here are noted for their purity and health-giving qualities, and no housekeeper who has once used them will try to get along without them.

—The Methodist people of Filmore will hold a festival on Saturday, Aug. 6th, in their church at that place. All the good things that the country affords will be served up by the ladies, and all who attend will be well entertained by the fair sisters, and at fair prices. The proceeds of the entertainment will accrue to the benefit of the church.

—Ely's Cream Balm for the cure of Catarrh and Hay Fever is having large sales with me. I pronounce it the best article I have ever sold for the treatment of these diseases, and take pleasure in recommending it to my patrons, as I am from day to day hearing the most favorable reports of its beneficial effects. HENRY B. SEMPLE, Druggist, Easton, Pa.

—The young Czar leads rather a patriarchal life in the retirement of Peterhöff. He walks about the village with his wife and children, visits the huts of the peasants, and shows a paternal interest in their affairs. He enjoys the company of poor people and children, it is said, more than that of his nobles.

We don't believe the Czar enjoys himself worth a cent now-a-days. How can he, knowing as he does that his enemies are all the time plotting his destruction. Now, if the Czar was located near Bellefonte, where he would have the opportunity of consuming Sechler's famous groceries in his food, we are inclined to think he would brighten up wonderfully and find life enjoyable. People who use Sechler's goods prosper and get rich, because money expended in them is not wasted. Why: Because they are genuine, free from adulteration, and fresh. That's why.

—Messrs. Ely Bros, Druggist, Owego, N. Y.: Your "Cream Balm" differs from all other preparations, as it does all you claim for it. I have been cured of Catarrh of many years standing by its use, and my sense of smell has been restored. For colds in the head it works like magic. E. H. SHERWOOD, National State Bank, Elizabeth, N. J. Aug. 13, 1879.—See Adv't.

Saturday's Rifle Practice.

Twenty-three members of Co. B took part in Saturday's rifle practice, which shows an increasing interest in the sport. As will be seen, there is room for great improvement in the scores of some, although in most cases those who have tender strings opposite their names have taken little or no part in contests heretofore. Here is the score, the distance being two hundred yards:

Wetzel	3 2 2 2 2—11
Wolf	4 0 2 2 2—10
Hale	5 4 4 4 2—19
VanPelt	3 3 4 4 0—14
Geissinger	4 4 4 3 2—17
Thomas	3 2 0 3 0— 8
Bertruff	2 4 2 3 4—15
Miller	3 3 0 3 2—11
Ray	4 2 3 0 0— 9
Hoover	3 4 2 4 2—15
Weight	0 0 0 0 0— 0
Schroeder	2 3 0 0 0— 5
Morrison	2 2 3 4 0—11
Powers	3 2 4 0 0— 9
Musser	0 0 2 0 4— 6
Armstrong	0 3 3 2 0— 8
McKee	0 3 3 2 0— 8
Bayard	0 0 0 0 0—
Gross	3 2 3 4 4—16
Osmer	0 2 0 4 0— 6
Rause	0 2 0 2 0— 4
Bell	0 0 0 0 0—
McMullen	3 4 2 2 3—14

Fashion's Latest.

A cold-eyed editor sails into the latest feminine fashion in this style:

"The latest caprice which fashion is indulging in is about the most ridiculous one of the century, namely, for ladies to have their garter buckles take the shape of some useful article. One lady has one of her clasps made as a watch and the other as a compass. How she manages to ascertain the time of day when other people are present is hard to conceive, or what use a compass can be in such a place is a matter of conjecture. Another lady has her hose supporters clasped together by a thermometer and barometer, which would seriously affect the accuracy of these sensitive instruments if they were intended to be consulted in the matter of meteorological variations. One young lady who has adopted the new fancy has a couple of smelling bottles attached to these adjuncts to hosiery, but it might be embarrassing to use them in case of faint. As articles of personal adornment they are useless as long as the present ideas of propriety continue to exist."

A Word to Farmers.

We want to caution our farmer friends against buying cheap fertilizers. Few farmers, if any, have succeeded who attempted to farm their lands with a low-priced article, purchased from "migratory" agents. We understand that there are agents now traveling through the county offering for sale a cheap fertilizer, who do not reside in the county, and who, therefore, will not be here to learn whether or no the article they sell and recommend turns out in the end as guaranteed.

We presume the farmers of the county have not yet forgotten the transactions of a sharper who sold Alsyke or Swedish clover in this section last spring, and also sold the majority of those who patronized him. The best plan for farmers to pursue at all times in such matters is to buy of reliable dealers, who live in the county, and whose interest it is to deal with you from year to year.

The Holidaysburg (Pa.) Seminary For young ladies, is now in charge of the Rev. Dr. R. S. Hitchcock and the Rev. Jos. Waugh, formerly principal of the same. Dr. Hitchcock has had large experience in teaching, and was recently Professor of Latin and Rhetoric in Centre College, Ky. They will be assisted by an able corps of of teachers, among whom is R. Fasolt, Professor of Music. Of the well-known advantages of this institution in location, healthfulness, and delightful scenery; its spacious building and appointments, it is unnecessary to speak. Under the present management its success is assured.

No good Preaching.

No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a law suit well, doctor a patient, or write a good article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish brain and unsteady nerves, and none should make the attempt in such a condition when it can be so easily and cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See other column.—*Albany Times.*

—Merchants who suffer from dyspepsia, headache, constipation or biliousness can be cured by using Dr. Mettaur's headache and dyspepsia pills. Price, 25 cents. 28-4t

—The new "B" Howe Sewing machine, a perfect novelty; call at the Howe Sewing machine office, Allegheny St. Bellefonte, and see it.

MRS. N. K. DARE, Agent.
A. C. Moore, Manager.

—The retail price of Logan Cement on and after this date will be two dollars per barrel and no charge for bags or barrels. H. K. Hicks.

—I. Guggenheimer & Co. have the sole agency and exclusive sale of our justly celebrated men's and boys' Rochester clothing.

12-tf SCHWARZ BROS. & CO.

—Special inducements for orders for Clothing during the summer months.

12-50tf MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE CENTURY CO'S NEW QUARTERS. The Century Company—formerly Scribner & Co.—will vacate its old quarters in Broadway over Charles Scribner's Sons, early in September. It has taken a ten years' lease of the fifth floor of the handsome new building on the north side of Union Square. The space at its command is in the form of an L, with the base on Eighteenth street, and is equal, altogether, to a space nearly one hundred feet wide by two hundred feet long. Three steam elevators, front and rear, bring these high quarters in easy communication with the pavement. The publication offices will overlook Union Square. Adjoining them will be the reception rooms. The editorial rooms of Scribner's Monthly and St. Nicholas will be in the angle of the L. The art rooms will overlook Eighteenth street, and a long, wide corridor running the entire length of the floor will give wall-space on which can be shown the pick of the company's accumulating art treasures. Mr. John La Farge and his corps of artists and assistents in his new business of colored glass decoration, occupy the top floor of the building.—*New York Tribune.*

THE Leonard Scott Publishing Co.'s Reprint of the *British Quarterly Review* for July, has just been republished. Most readers will turn immediately to the long paper entitled, "Carlyle and Mrs. Carlyle: a Ten-Years' Reminiscence." The author, Henry Larkin, was long associated with Carlyle in his works; and gives, in these pages, the story of their "intimate personal connection" simply, frankly, and faithfully. He trusts that "no one will rise from its perusal without feeling that he has learned to know Carlyle better for it. Many letters of general interest, both from Mr. and Mrs. Carlyle, are quoted. The writer characterizes the lately published "Reminiscences" as the distempered nightmares of sorrow-stricken heart; and hopes that the story of his own personal experience will present Carlyle in his own better self. The paper on "The Revised Version of the new Testament" is by John Gibb. After discussing the main defects of the works, the writer expresses his sence of the high value of this version, which is "an honor to the scholarship of our time, and a gift of real value to the Christian Church."

The periodicals reprinted by THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co., (41 Barclay Street N. Y.) are as follows: *The London Quarterly, Edinburgh, Westminster,* and *British Quarterly Reviews,* and *Blackwood's Magazine.* Price $4 a year for any one, or only $13 for all, and the postage is prepaid by the Publishers.

—The purest spices sold in this section are kept at Sechler's. Cooks will tell you so.

—Have you seen the new style Wooden Curb for Chain Pumps? and by the way are you aware that the chain pumps are being daily substituted for the other pumps in use. Wilson, McFarlane & Co. are making a specialty of these pumps. If you want pure, cold water don't fail to get a Chain Pump.

—Dr. Mettaur's headache and dyspepsia pills, price 25 cents, cure at once, headache, dyspepsia, biliousness and constipation. 28-4t

New Advertisements.

STUBENVILLE (Ohio) FEMALE SEMINARY.—52 years successful experience. First class school. Terms low. Send for catalogue.
30-1m A. M. REID, Ph.D., Prin.

EXECUT R'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JOHN SHOPE, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to decedent to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

WILLIAM BAIRD,
30-6t P. O. address, Milesburg, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Centre County. O. L. SCHOONOVER vs. BRENNER, TRUCKS & CO. No. 41, Jan'y T., 1877. Al. Fi. Fa. No. 46, Aug. T., 1880.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the funds in Court, arising from the Sheriff's sale under the above writ, will meet the parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment, **Thursday, Aug. 4, 1881,** at 10 a. m., at the office of J. L. Spangler, Esq., in Bellefonte, when and where all persons interested may attend.

27-3t C. P. HEWES, Auditor.

DOLL & MINGLE.

RELIABLE

BOOTS & SHOES.

BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Ladies' Lace Shoes for $1.00.
Ladies' Button Shoes for $1.50.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes for 90c.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes, kid foxed, for $1.25.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 25c.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 50c.
Ladies' Lasting Slippers for 42c.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.25) for $1.85.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.00) for $1.65.
Gents' good Leather Slippers, 85c.

In addition to the above we have an elegant line of Ladies,' Misses' and Children's FINE SHOES, FINE SLIPPERS and WALKING SHOES.

Our Ladies' French Kid of the Dimon & Disbrow make, are universally pronounced to be superior in every respect to any in the United States. Every pair warranted.

We can save you money. Try us and be convinced.

DOLL & MINGLE.

13-tf

PITTSBURG FEMALE COLLEGE

And Pittsburg Conservatory of Music.

ONE HUNDRED FULL MUSIC LESSONS FOR EIGHTEEN DOLLARS.

Seven distinct schools. Twenty-four teachers. Attendance past year, **378.** Superior advantages in Liberal Arts, Music, Drawing and Painting, Elocution, Modern Languages, Needle Work and Wax Work. **Charges less than any equal school in the United States.** Twenty-seventh year opens September 6. Send for new Catalogue to

28-2m REV. I. C. PERSHING, Pittsburg, Pa.

WHAT WE HAVE NOT GOT!

We have no Dress goods, all wool, and a yard wide, at 8 cents per yard.

We have no yard-wide Muslins at 2 cents per yard.

We have no Calicos at 2 cents per yard.

We have no hand-made Shoes, all warranted, at 75 cents per pair.

We have no First-Class, all wool suits for Men, at $2.50.

We have no trash of any kind that we are trying to gull the community with.

BUT WE HAVE GOT

A better grade of Dress Goods, at 15 cents and up, than can be bought at any other store in Bellefonte at same price.

We have at from 6 cents up a better value in Bleached and Unbleached Muslins than the same price will buy you elsewhere.

We have CARPETS that have two ounces more wool to the yard, at same prices that lower grades bring elsewhere.

We have the LARGEST STOCK of CARPETS, best assortment to select from that can be found in Centre county.

We have the best Three Dollar Child's Suits that the money can procure.

We have the best Five Dollar School Suits in Bellefonte for that price.

We have the best Ten Dollar Suits for Men sold anywhere.

We have the best work, trimmings, fits and appearance in our Clothing for the money procured in the county. All first-class Clothiers are selling the same make of Clothing. No slop-shop trash, thrown or pasted together, but regularly sewed, same as any Merchant Tailor would or could make them.

We have the very best hand-made BOOTS and SHOES that we can find, and warrant them. And our warrant means just what it expresses.

We have a reputation of 30 years' trading at stake to uphold all we advertise.

We have the interest of our Trade at stake, and always strive to keep our Customers well satisfied This we accomplish by always giving the full value for what money they give us.

Call and convince your wavering mind.

S. & A. LOEB.

15-tf

GRAND SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE.

In order to close out our entire stock of Light Weight Goods, which is about complete in each department, we have Marked Down every Garment in our Establishment to such Low Prices that it will be to the advantage of the public to avail themselves of this opportunity to obtain the greatest bargains offered in

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, etc.

We are bound to close out all our light weight goods in order to make room for our New Fall Stock.

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE, Opposite Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte.

M. ASH, Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

Second Arrival of Spring Goods!

Our trade has been so much larger than we expected that Mr. Gust Lyon has been compelled to go East for a

SECOND SPRING STOCK.

We have just received the handsomest stock of LAWNS, very beautiful Patters, from 7c upward

A NEW LINE OF

BUNNTING, GRENADINES and HERNANIS.

WE CAN SHOW YOU A HANDSOME LINE OF

CHINTZES, CRETONNES, AND PERCALES.

Undoubtedly we have the Best and most varied Assortment of

Ladies' Underwear, Skirts, Night Gowns, and Suits Complete.

We have SKIRTS from 38 cts. to $6.50, trimmed in EMBROIDERY or LACE. CHEMISE from 40 cts. to $3, in all styles. Lady Clerks in attendance to show you these goods.

LADIES' LINEN ULSTERS,

The Largest Variety now Open that can be Found Anywhere. We need not quote prices of them, but we Guarantee them 15 cts. Cheaper than any other House in the County. In PARASOLS, we can Beat anything around here

Ladies' Slippers, Walking Shoes, Button Walking Shoes, Inlaid Sandals

BOX TOED and otherwise; we can show you about 30 varieties, bought direct from the Mananufacturers.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

The Largest and Most Complete Stock of CLOTHING Ever Brought to Town.

SUMMER SUITS, $3,75,

A BEAUTIFUL LIGHT AND MEDIUM WEIGHT SUIT AND HEAVY SUITS AT $4.75.

A Good Linen and Cassimer Suit at $5.00 A nice Dress Suit at $6.75, $7.50, $800, $10.00—Good Quality. Light and Dark Cassimers. The best qualities of Suits, in all wool Cassimeres, Diagonals, Basket Patterns, and Vassalburgs, from $10.00 up.

We are willing to wager that we have sold more Pants this Season as any 30 other concerns combined; Because we had better and better made, and Cheaper than you can find anywhere. Boys' Good Pants, 75 cents. Mens' Good Pants, $1.00

We have Warner & Co's Celebrated Pants for $1.25; Celebrated because they are better made and better goods than any other Pants for the money.

Boots! Boots! Shoes! Shoes!

We can now show Three Times as many Shoes than any other concern. Men's Low Cut Button Shoes, Oxford Ties, High Button Shoes, Buckle Shoes. We have them very cheap for parties who don't want to pay much, from $1.25 up. And we have the best, good, serviceable and fine Shoes.

Come and see for yourselves if we don't do all we say. We are running four large stores, and buy goods direct from the Manufactures, and we can offer to sell cheap. All goods marked in plain figures, and strictly One Price,

LYON & CO.

Branch Stores--Philipsburg, Pa., Reynoldsville, Pa., Houtzville, Pa.

w14-6m dm13-tf ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN.

If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gaslight in the evening at a distance of 10 inches, your eyes are failing, no matter what your age, and your eyes need help. Your sight can be improved and preserved if properly corrected. It is a wrong idea that spectacles should be dispensed with as long as possible. If they assist the vision use them. There is no danger of seeing too well, so long as the print is not magnified; it should look natural size but plain.

It is known to all who have been compelled to resort to the use of Spectacles (notwithstanding they may be perfectly fitted to correct the optical defects), that for some cause, not until recently well defined, their use was attended with fatiguing, smarting, and otherwise disagreeable sensations. This is a universal fact of experience, and has been supposed to be entirely beyond remedy. This disagreeable sensation and disturbance of the eye is produced chiefly, perhaps we ought to say entirely, from the fact that ordinary lenses increase the sensation of heat (to which the eye, more than any other organ or part of the body, is sensitive), as also the actinic or chemical properties of the rays of light.

It is well known that these peculiarities of light are identified with certain colors of each ray; and the point of importance, or without using technicalities, is to construct lenses so that these properties of light shall be neutralized; this can be done by introducing a neutralizing tint into their manufacture, the difficulty of which, however, consists in the selection of a color which shall have this effect, and, at the same time, shall not otherwise impair the lenses for purposes of vision. The

Arundel Tinted Lens

Is designed to effect this purpose. The peculiarity of its manufacture consists in the introduction into the glass of a slight Violet Color, *in such manner that the* high *and* low *numbers of the lens prepared from this glass, although* varying in thickness, *are of the same delicate tint and of sufficient power to neutralize the heating and actinic power of the rays of light. Read the following:*

[From R. S. Mershon, Esq., Zanesville, Ohio.]

"I have put the Arundels through the following tests:—I placed an eight-inch Arundel, and an eight-inch white lens side by side, sharply focused in the strong sunlight, with their foci directed on the bulbs of two thermometers, and the difference was four (4°) degrees in temperture in favor of the ARUNDEL. Again, I placed the same lenses side by side on a piece of sensitised photographic paper, and the white glass discolored the surface quicker than the ARUNDEL. These two tests prove these two points, viz: that the ARUNDEL intercepts the solar heat-rays and the chemical rays also."

And the following from a Centre county man whose letter can be seen at my store:

** * * "I am very much pleased with the glasses. They have been more beneficial to my eyes than all the medicine I ever put in them."*

If you experience any unpleasantness in reading or can't see distinctly, come in and have your eyes tested. I think I have something good for you.

FRANK P. BLAIR,
Brockerhoff House Block.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

The President's Condition.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The feeling of anxiety which prevailed at the White House and throughout the city has disappeared. There is no better barometer to indicate the President's condition than the faces of those about the White House and the general air that the place wears. By their eyes one can tell at once whether things are favorable or unfavorable without asking a question. The happy change had its effect in that there was very little inquiry as to the President's condition; once the doctors came from the sick room without being seized on by twenty or more people who have been waiting for such an opportunity to hear from the sick bed. Drs. Reyburn and Bliss were with the President all last night. They took little naps, as the President slept soundly. When asked about the appearance of the wound dressed this morning, he said that there had been a good discharge—what he called an unusual discharge of puss. The flow had not been so great as before the pus cavity was formed. The matter collected for twenty-four hours was then drawn off, the only discharge in the meantime being a small and continuous flow. The discharge this morning, Dr. Bliss said, though not large, was satisfactory and healthy. The President passed a very good night, getting a good deal of sleep after 12 o'clock and resting comfortably before that hour. There was a little fever, but it was not marked. As compared with the night before, it was a quiet rest is to a night of pain and tossing. When the cotton was removed from the mouth of the wound it was found saturated with pus, showing continuous discharge that was so satisfactory before the formation of the pus cavity. The President is now taking lime water and milk with beef juice over toast at regular intervals. Dr. Hamilton was at the dressing of the wound this morning before the bulletin was issued. He said that the President's condition was satisfactory. He will leave to-night. Dr. Agnew will remain. Either Dr. Agnew or Dr. Hamilton will be with the President from now on until indications are such as to show that there is no necessity for their presence.

WASHINGTON, July 26, 8.30 a. m.

The President was somewhat restless during the night, and the fever which has subsided after our last bulletin, rose again about midnight and continued till 3 a. m., after which it again subsided. He is now about as well as yesterday at the same hour. Pulse 102, temperature 98, respiration 18.

Still on the Improve.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Early yesterday afternoon a decided improvement in the President was observed by all around him. The President continued to grow better during the afternoon, and is now doing splendidly. The surgeons have agreed that they will not give out any more interviews. They say they have been so grossly misrepresented by some newspapers that hereafter they intend to confine their information of the case to official bulletins. The reporter had a talk with one of the surgeons last-night. He said he was willing to give some facts about the President and his condition but that he must not be quoted. He said the work done on the President's wound yesterday, was not in fact an operation, that the discharge of pus was not as free as it ought to have been, and Dr. Agnew dilated the incision made on Sunday morning with his finger in order to insert a larger drainage tube. In doing this a piece of fractured rib was felt and it was drawn out, and other small fragments which were working to the surface were drawn out. This, the doctor said, the surgeons did not regard as an operation proper. He said the insertion of a larger drainage tube produced a better discharge of pus immediately, and the free discharge had kept up ever since; that when the wound was dressed at night it was ascertained that the discharge worked admirably, as the flow of pus was entirely satisfactory and of a healthy character. This surgeon said the President was better than he had been for some days, that he was in fact doing as well as before the relapse of last Friday night, and he considered the President now nearer recovery than he ever had been. He had taken more nourishment today than he was in the habit of taking, and it agreed with him. He had no trouble whatever from indigestion and he relished his food; that his appetite is increasing and he will now regain strength.

"Do you believe the President will recover?" asked the reporter.

"I do," replied the doctor. "I don't think he is going to get up in a few days, mind you; but unless some complication entirely unlooked for and unapprehended arises I am satisfied he will get well. He is really mending now. He has not had any fever during the day. When his pulse registered 104, it was after he had been handled, and in his case the effect was about the same as unusual exercise would be upon a strong man."

WASHINGTON, July 27, 8.00 a. m.

The President slept well all night. There has been no rigor. He takes his nourishment well, and is improving. He expresses himself as feeling better and more rested. Pulse 94, temperature 98, respiration 18.

The President Bracing up.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The President enjoyed the best night's rest he has had since he was shot last night. His sleep was continuous and natural and it did him incalculable good. Everything was bright and cheerful about the White House this morning. Everybody was in the best of spirits. The doctors also partook of the general sunshine. They acted and spoke most confidently. The gloom of yesterday was entirely lifted and there was not a shadow of fear anywhere. Dr. Bliss said when he came from the White House after the morning examination, "Every thing is tip top." Dr. Bliss said he regarded the President now out of danger, barring accidents. Dr. Agnew left yesterday morning for Philadelphia at 9:30. He felt in the best of spirits as regards the President's condition and spoke very hopefully of his recovery. Dr. Hamilton is expected to arrive from New York to-night or to-morrow Dr. Reyburn, as he came from the White House this morning, said in response to an inquiry, "Everything is all right; the President is doing admirably."

The President expresses himself as feeling better and also evinced considerable interest in the preparation of his breakfast. He was anxious that it should not be delayed unnecessarily. He took for breakfast some milk and rum, beef tea and milk toast. After the President's wound was dressed this morning, and he had partaken of his breakfast he felt considerably better. He went to sleep and dozed at restful intervals during the day.

WASHINGTON, July 28, 8 a. m.

The President had a good night, and no febrile disturbance since the bulletin of yesterday a. m., and expresses himself cheerfully as to his condition. Pulse 92, temperature 98, respiration 18.

Conference With Indian Tribes.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with a view of effecting a friendly arrangement looking to the gradual consolidation of the various indian agencies and bringing nearer together the various Indian tribes now scattered over a wide area, sent out letters to the Poncas, Omahas, Winnebagoes and Lower Agency Sioux, instructing them to send three delegates from each tribe to Washington by August 15. Replies have been received from each tribe declaring their willingness to do so. The especial object of the conference is to arrange for some better location for the Poncas in Nebraska who refused to go to the Indian Territory.

Escape of a Murderer.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Deputy Collector Noah, at Columbia, S. C., telegraphs Commissioner Raum that a revenue force raided McDow's house on the morning of the 21st, and found it deserted. McDow and family have fled to parts unknown. The revenue party returned to Spartansburg. The deputy reports that his office has no information to show that any effort has been made on the part of marshals or deputies to arrest McDow. Commissioner Raum in reply to this information, sent the following telegram to Deputy Collector Noah: "Offer three hundred dollars reward for the arrest and delivery to U. S. Marshal Blyth of McDow for the murder of Deputy Collector Brayton."

Murder Trial at Altoona.

ALTOONA, Pa., July 27.—Yesterday afternoon the grand jury found a true bill against James McGraw for the murder of Fred Swanger, which occurred June 12, 1880. It was caused by an assault made by the said McGraw on Swanger by a stone thrown about fifteen feet, fracturing the temporal bone to such an extent that he died in forty-eight hours. The case will be called up to morrow morning for trial.

British Anxiety Concerning Garfield.

LONDON, July 26.—The *Standard* editorially says: In England every incident in President Garfield's illness is watched with keen but mounful interest. Had he been a British statesman it would have been hardly possible for the English people to have manifested truer sentiment and sympathy than that which they have extended to his family and to his country. In no part of the United States will the news that Garfield is out of danger be more joyfully received than in England. In no part of the Union will the tidings of his death, should that melancholy event occur, excite deeper or more genuine feelings of sorrow than it would produce throughout Her Mejesty's English-speaking domain.

Capture of a Mail Robber.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—The *Republican's* Denton, Texas, special says: Deputy U. S. Marshal Given has brought in under arrest Jos. Tyler, charged with complicity in the mail robberies committed by the notorious Sam Bass gang in 1878. He was arrested near Atoka, Indian Territory. This leaves but three of the Bass gang at large—Davis, who was in the Union Pacific Railroad robbery at Big Springs, Nebraska, and and is now in New Orleans; Henry Underwood, the most desperate of the band, who is running a cattle ranch in the panhandle of Texas, and Frank Jackson who is now in Armansas.

Redpath on the Rampage.

DUBLIN, July 27.—At the weekly meeting of the Land League last night it was announced that 2,400 pounds had been received from America during the week. James Redpath delivered a violent speech, in which he characterized Sir Wm. Harcourt's statement that John Devoy was agent of the League as a deliberate lie, and alluded to John Bright as a renegade. He said he only opposed Fenian schemes in America because he didn't see how it was possible to conquer England by revolution at present. Redpath concluded by calling Sir William Harcourt a liar, slanderer and coward, and William E Forster an infamous Quaker.

Conflict in Afghanistan.

LONDON, July 26.—A Quetta dispatch to the *Times* says: Ayoob Khan sent a message to Ameer Abdurrahaman's camp inviting negotiations. A prominent chief and partisan of the Ameer met Ayoob Khan's envoy half way between camps to discuss terms of peace. The Ameer returned a spirited reply that he could listen to no propositions except at Herat, and ordered his Generals to advance immediately and attack the enemy. The Ameer Generals believe Ayoob Khan's message was only a pretext to gain time.

The Code Duello.

BERLIN, July 26.—Baron Von Geyso a young officer of much promise, was shot dead in a duel with a brother officer. Two students of Gottingen fought a duel with pistols on Thursday last and one was mortally wounded.

GIBRALTAR, July 26.—A duel took place last evening within the Spanish lines between Spanish officers, a captain and lieutenant. The captain was killed and the lieutenant seriously wounded.

Ex-Marshal Bazaine.

PARIS, July 26.—The report that Marshal Bazaine was endeavoring to obtain the permission of the French Government to return to France for a month to collect a legacy left him has aroused a perfect storm of indignation. It is improbable in the extreme that the ex-Marshal's request will be acceded to.

Epidemic Among Russian Cattle.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 27.—The epidemic among the cattle has extended to Livonia. The ravages have caused such alarm that medical aid has been sent in all haste from Dorpat. It is believed to be a Siberian plague, as in one case a peasant took the disease and died.

Tunisian Troops Deserting.

LONDON, July 26.—A dispatch from Tunis says the Bey's troops have deserted en masse, there being hardly enough left to guard the palace. No officer is willing to take the responsibility of leading the few who remain against the insurgents.

A Bad Guide.

TROY, N. Y., July 28.—Charles Parker, a guide in the Adirondacks while guiding Mrs. George Bull from Forked Lake to Long Lake, where she was to be the guest of ex-Senator Platt, made a dastardly assault upon the woman. All the guides of the Adirondacks are hunting Parker, swearing to capture him dead or alive.

Guiteau's Prison Life.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The *Star* to-day publishes an interview with General Crocker, Warden of the jail, about Guiteau: "There has been no event in his life during the past week that is worthy of mention. He eats, sleeps and walks just like any other person. No one has come to see him from the day he was brought here; no one has manifested any friendly interest in him. He don't seem to have any friends. His brother-in-law was here, but he did not appear to take any special interest in him. There was no animosity shown, however. If his mother or brother or any of his friends came to see him I would let them see him, just as I would do in the case of any other prisoner. The only people who have been here to see him are those who come out of mere curiosity. Guiteau is as quiet as any person. He seems to have made up his mind to patiently await the result. He has not asked for a lawyer. He has not asked to see any one. I asked him if he wanted a lawyer. He said no, not at present. He claims to be a lawyer himself. He knows enough not to talk. He is sane enough for that. He hasn't even expressed a desire to talk with anyone except Mr. Baily, the stenographer, who has been taking his statements. He has sometimes asked to have him come. There is no such thing as solitary confinement in this jail. There is separate confinement. Guiteau can hear other prisoners talk and can talk with them, though he is separated from them. The guards talk with him on subjects connected with his prison life, but not about the President. Nobody here wants to talk with him about his crime. I don't think he has any knowledge of the President's condition. He reads a great deal.

Western Crop Reports

KANSAS CITY, July 28.—The *Commercial Indicator* will publish to-morrow morning special reports from over one hundred counties in western Missouri, Kansas, southwestern Iowa and Nebraska, which shows a very largely increased acreage in corn, only six counties reporting a less acreage than last year. It will also be largely increased if the weather continues favorable. Reports from the same counties indicate that the supply of hogs to be marketed before the close of summer packing season will be materially less than last season, about half the counties reporting less and only one-third reporting an increase. Generally the hogs are healthy, only seven counties reporting disease and that generally light. The exceedingly high prices for the past few months have had a tendency to draw out about all the available hogs in this territory.

Circus Men Arrested for Murder.

HARRISBURG, July 28.—Alexander Jackson, Aron Hill and Albert Long circus men, were arrested here on a charge of shooting a man named Moran at a dance in Pittston on July 16th. While on their way to the cars, Jackson informed the officers the man who fired the shot would be with the circus at Carlisle to-day. Hill and Long were then sent back to jail, and Jackson was taken to Carlisle, where he pointed out John Vancour as the one who fired the shot and Frank Sprong was a witness. These were arrested and on the way to Harrisburg Vancour acknowledged he had fired two shots during the fight in which Moran was killed. Hill and Long were discharged, and Vancour, Jackson and Sprong held.

Justice Clifford's Successor.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The matter of filling the vacancy in the United States Supreme Bench, caused by the death of Judge Clifford, is talked of here. Ex-Attorney General Devens and Chief Justice Gray, of Mass., are candidates for appointment, and it is said every New England State will have one or more candidates, as it is assumed by that section that the appointee will be from New England. The talk of giving the place to ex-Senator Conkling is regarded as absurd, and Mr. Conkling's friends do not hesitate to say that he would not have it. There are some prominent Republicans who hold that a Democrat should be appointed, and by some it is thought probable that if President Garfield survives he will appoint a Democrat.

Another Plot Against the Czar.

BERLIN, July 28.—A letter from Russia says there have been many persons arrested and several expulsions from St. Petersburg in connection with the discovery of another plot against the life of the Czar. An ex-Nihilist who had betrayed his companions has been assassinated in the outskirts of the capital. There have been six arrests in consequence. An accomplice of Solovieff was also captured, and there have been many other arrests.

Confessed His Guilt.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 28.—Rev. W. F. Whetcher, pastor of the Mathewson street Methodist church, charged with purloining rare books from public libraries, called a board of his church together this evening, confessed himself guilty of grievous sin, expressed the deepest contrition therefore, and announced his determination to retire from the ministry and church.

Advance in Lumber.

CHICAGO, July 28.—The members of the Lumberman's Exchange yesterday decided to advance the price on thick clears and selects and one inch finishing four dollars per thousand. A similar advance was made on some other grades. The demand for lumber keeps up and exceeds the supply, owing to the extensive building operations in and outside of the city.

Dr. Hamilton's Trip to Washington.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

When President Garfield was at his worst on Saturday, Secretary Blaine asked Dr. F. H. Hamilton, of this city, by telegraph, to go to Washington at once. At the same time Postmaster-General James sent to Postmaster Pearson, of this city, the following message:

WASHINGTON, July 23—1.30 P. M.

Find Dr. Hamilton and take him to Pennsylvania station, Jersey City, without delay, and wire Secretary Blaine immediately on Dr. Hamilton's departure. T. L. JAMES.

Postmaster Pearson placed the message in the hands of his Secretary, Mr. Howe, with instructions not only to carry out its requirements, but to get Dr. Hamilton to Washington with all possible speed. Mr. Howe told a *Tribune* reporter yesterday how he did it.

"Upon inquiry at his home," he said, "I found that Dr. Hamilton had already started for Jersey City. I found him sitting in the Pennsylvania depot awaiting the departure of the 3.50 p. m. train, and I explained to him my errand. It was then just 3 o'clock. I introduced the doctor to Superintendent Watts, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and explained the situation. Mr. Watts, as in fact did all the railway officials with whom I came in contact, appreciated the importance of haste, and within eight minutes he had an engine and car at our disposal. At 3.09 our journey had begun. So quick had the special train been made up that difficulty was encountered in clearing the road for its passage. Our train was given the right of way over everything on the road, but a delay of fifteen minutes in all ensued while express trains were being shunted at the way stations. Nevertheless, our actual time between Jersey City and Philadelphia was 1 hour and 42 minutes. On arriving at the Pennsylvania depot in Philadelphia we found Dr. Agnew on the platform awaiting our arrival. Another special train, consisting of a powerful engine and the private car of the late Colonel Scott, was in readiness. There was no delay whatever, and almost before we could appreciate the fact we were rolling over the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore road at a tremendous speed. It was impossible to stand in the car without holding on to something. Dinner had been prepared for the party and it had to be eaten with care; otherwise the dishes would have fallen from the table. Glasses had to be drained at a draught or they and their contents would have been on the floor of the car. Such speed I never travelled at before, and I have been over some pretty fast mail routes. We ran sixty miles from Philadelphia in less than 59 minutes, and made the distance to Bay View, three miles this side of Baltimore and 93 miles from Philadelphia, in 1 hour and 52 minutes. This included two stops for water and slowing up five times while crossing bridges. At Bay View we took the Baltimore and Potomac railroad, passed through the Baltimore tunnels without stopping, and arrived at the Baltimore depot in Washington, where General Garfield received his wound, at 7.51 o'clock, the trip having been made in 4 hours and 42 minutes from Jersey City. Dr. Bliss met us at the depot with his carriage and drove the party directly to the White House.

The Missing Bullet Found.

A special dispatch from Washington says: District Attorney Corkhill has found the missing bullet which was fired at the President and for which there has been so much search. It appears that a German glazier, who tramps around the streets repairing windows, went into the depot to get a ten dollar bill changed on the morning the President was shot. He was standing in the main room about 40 feet from where the assassin stood in a southeast direction. He had begun to unstrap his box in which he carried glass, and had got one strap off his shoulder when he heard the noise of the pistol, and immediately three panes of glass in his box were shattered. He at once rushed from the depot, thinking it was no place for safety. On Saturday he was cleaning out his box and found the ball in his putty, and was narrating the fact to his friends, when one of them told him it was fired at the time the President was shot, and took him to the District Attorney's office, where he gave his statement and gave up the ball. He thinks that it was the first shot that broke the glass, but says that they were so close together that he had not time to get away. His position confirms the statement of Senor Camacho, the Venezuelan Minister, as to the exact position of the assassin at the time of the firing of the shots.

Polygamy's Fit Recruits.

Those who visited the depot last evening and witnessed the arrival of the 740 Mormons who recently arrived from Europe will not forget the scene. At 8 o'clock two trains of nine cars each, making in all eighteen cars of moving humanity, stopped for half an hour. The men were the most illiterate, ill-shaped specimens that the writer ever looked upon. There was no appearance whatever of intelligence in the men, and they belong, without doubt, to the lowest class of humanity. The women were deformed, homely and unintelligent also, and the children, the offspring of these crude people, were terribly misshapen. The heads of many have grown to an enormous size, the limbs were crooked, and there were a large number of dwarfs. The entire 740 were low of stature and had no spare flesh. They were packed together in the emigrant cars and seemed to have no sense whatever of decency.—*Cheyenne Leader.*

—Are you troubled with hoarseness or pain in the breast? Have you a feeling of dryness in the *throat*, and a tickling sensation in the *larynx*, giving rise to a troublesome, hacking cough? *Be warned in time.* Do not put off for a single hour, but procure at once a bottle of Green's Syrup of Tar, Honey and bloodroot.

John Patton, aged twenty-two, and John Kutz, aged nineteen, were killed at Jones' iron ore quarry, near Reading, by being struck with flying debris from a blast.

At Muir, Michigan, on Tuesday, the house occupied by Alonzo Derrick, his wife and six children was destroyed by fire and two of the children, aged eight and five years, were burned to a crisp.

—MISS ISABELLA HILL, Allegheny City, Pa., had Chronic Catarrh; is well from the use of PERUNA.

The pork packing and lard refining establishment of Cassard Bros. & Co., and the tin can factory of George S. Krebs & Co., in Baltimore, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday. Loss, $100,000; insured.

Be Wise and Happy.

If you will stop your extravagant and wrong notions in doctoring yourself and families with expensive doctors or humbug cure-alls, that do harm always, and use only nature's simple remedies for all your ailments—you will be wise, well and happy, and save great expense. The greatest remedy for this, the great, wise and good will tell you, is Hop Bitters—rely on it. See another column.—*Press.*

Terrific thunder storms prevailed along the Hudson on Monday night. In some places the hail and lightning were appalling. Trees and telegraph poles were torn down. Another serious storm occurred on Tuesday evening.

—I had Chronic Rheumatism for one year; had been given up to die by two physicians. PERUNA cured me. WM. CURTZ, Pittsburg, Pa.

Hon. Charles Thomas died on Tuesday at the Cincinnati House of Refuge, where he was stricken with apoplexy on Sunday. He had been President of the Board of this institution ever since it was founded and had never missed a meeting of the Board.

—We see in a copy of an exchange a notice of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy an article that has done wonders in obstinate cases of Piles and something that is worthy of our honest recommendation.—*Democrat.*

In response to an appeal of the New York city laborers for an increase of wages, Mayor Grace consented to recommend an advance of two per cent., but warned the laborers that such increase would compel a decrease in the number of persons employed, as the departments could not exceed the appropriations made for the current year.

—If the mother is feeble it is impossible that her children should be strong. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the sexual system of women. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western avenue Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

A construction train on the Richmond and Allegheny railroad jumped the track Tuesday near Bent Creek. Two laborers were killed and three wounded. The engineer and conductor were also injured.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms of moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, as if pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected; if allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "Dr Swayne's All-Healing Ointment" is a pleasant sure cure. Also the Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotches, all Scaly, Crusty, Cutaneous Eruptions. Price 50 cents. 3 boxes for $1.25. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price in currency, or three cent postage stamp. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., to whom letters should be addressed. Sold by all prominent druggists. 12-7-1y

—To our farmer friends we can say that our stock of goods for their use in house or farm is unequalled in Centre county. Give us a call and examine stock and prices.

Wilson, McFarlane & Co.

The Oldest City in the World.

Damascus is the oldest city in the world. Tyre and Sidon have crumbled on the shore; Baalbac is a ruin; Palmyra is buried in a desert; Nineveh and Babylon have disappeared from the Tigris and the Euphrates. Damascus remains what it was before the days of Abraham—a center of trade and travel—an isle of verdure in the desert; "a presidential capital" with martial and sacred associations extending through thirty centuries. It was near Damascus that Saul of Tarsus saw the light above the brightness of the sun; the street, which is called Strait, in which it was said "he prayed," still runs through the city. The caravan comes and goes as it did 1,000 years ago; there is still the sheik, the ass, and the water-wheel; the merchants of the Euphrates and the Mediterranean still occupy the streets "with the multitude of their wares." The city which Mahommed surveyed from a neighboring height, and was afraid to enter, "because it was given to man to have but one paradise, and for his part he was resolved not to have it in this world," is to-day what Julian called the "Eye of the East," as it was, in the time of Isaiah, "the head of Syria." From Damascus come the damson, our blue plums, and the delicious apricot of Portugal, called damasco; damask, our beautiful fabric of cotton and silk, with vines and flowers raised upon a smooth, bright ground; the damask rose introduced into England in the time of Henry VIII.; the Damascus blade, so famous the world over for its keen edge and wonderful elasticity, the secret of whose manufacture was lost when Tamerlane carried the artist into Persia, and that beautiful art of inlaying wood and steel with gold and silver, a kind of mosaic, engraving and sculpture united—called damaskeening—with which boxes, bureaus and swords are ornamented. It is still a city of flowers and bright waters; the streams of Lebanon and the "silk of gold" still murmur and sparkle in the wilderness of the Syrian gardens.

Actresses' Arts.

A great many tricks of stage costume spring from personal defects. In whatever cut of waist Modjeska appears, there is always a bunch of flowers or bow placed at the left of her open corsage. When this device is not resorted to, a little strap of silk will be trailed across diagonally, or a little fan of lace will suddenly spring from the left corner, in order to hide a scar on the breast that looks as if it might be the result of a wound from a poniard, "souvenir" of a romance.

Poor Lucille Western was afflicted by a birth mark. She was a regular female Esau. About her waist there was a thick growth of silky brown hair, which ran up to a point in front. Where it came above the tops of her dresses it was carefully shaved, but the skin always remained blue. So Lucille wore a huge cross dangling just above that portion of her anatomy.

Parepa Rosa had a deep vaccination scar far down her robust arm, and when her sleeves were very short a knot of ribbon or a trail of flowers used to cover it. Before she grew so extremely stout, she wore a golden band above the elbow to hide it, but when her armlet got to be as big as a waistcoat she abandoned the oddity. One night, speaking of the scar to an American girl who sat in her dressing-room, the Yankee offered Parepa an immediate and effectual concealment of the offending spot. She took one of the candles off the toilet table, and holding it above the arm let one drop of the melted wax fall upon the place, and there was no further need of hiding the device. A dash of flesh tinted powder completed the cure, and Parepa's makeup-box forever after cantained a bit of wax candle.—*New York Mirror.*

Abraham Lincoln's Widow.

A dispatch from Springfield, Illinois, to the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* says: "The condition of Mrs. Lincoln's health is much improved. She took a carriage ride with Mrs. Judge Edwards Friday, and has been able to receive callers for several days past. The news of the attempted assassination of Garfield was a great shock to her, and for a day she was almost prostrated. When the news was announced, she exclaimed: 'Oh' can it be that the President of this country is no longer safe from assassins? Oh, how terrible! Who did it?' With eyes suffused with tears she repeatedly murmured, 'Poor Mrs. Garfield,' and she retired to her room, remaining there until the next day. Since then, with the aid of her physicians, friends and the hopeful news concerning the condition of the President, she has regained her spirits, and is growing stronger, though she is not free from pain. It is not likely that she will ever wholly recover from the effects of a spinal injury received while in Europe, or that she will be able to travel beyond the limits of the city of her home. The recollection of travels abroad and of her life at Washington seems to afford her great pleasure, and she never tires in recounting the scenes and incidents of those notable periods of her life."

Japanese Women.

AN INTERESTING LETTER BY AN INTELLIGENT NATIVE.

A Japanese gentleman writes to the Boston *Herald*, as follows: The Western people are invariably aggrieved to see the inferior state of women in asiatic countries, and heartily sympathize with them in their condition of total subjection under the despotic hands of the family tyrants. To this the Japanese ladies are an exception; they are never reduced to the same degree as in other Asiatic countries. They are undoubtedly treated as the gentler sex, and also with respect and considerate care. In this as in so many other things, we totally differ from the Chinese. We see them treated with affection and deference in fact, in Japan as in America, the ladies rule the house. They are allowed greater freedom and have more dignity and self-confidence, than any other eastern ladies; yet it is true that a Japanese lady is deprived of the privilege of receiving her young male friends in such an unrestricted manner as is allowed in this country; nor is, without a chaperon, permitted to indulge in the pleasure of strolling or to share the amusement of theatre-going with him whom she may stand on terms of friendship or a more tender relation.

We scarcely hear, in any Japanese family, such a free expression of love and affection as is tolerated in this country; in fact, it is there considered too delicate an affair to speak of or demonstrate in the presence of parents or friends, if not a violation of the propriety of social etiquette. We can easily infer from these facts that marriage in Japan is seldom the fruit of mutual love and admiration. The matrimonial union is wholly to be arranged and settled by the hands of parents and the proposed husband and wife have to take each other either for better or for worse upon the judgment of others. But it is amazing to find that there are no more unhappy couples in Japan than there are in this country, where marriage is the sweet result of long acquaintance and mutual love.

Through the influence of Confucianism and Buddhism, obedience has been inculcated as the chief and most amiable virtue of ladies, and undoubtedly this prevailing notion has prevented them from securing a position of equality with men. Happily—or shall I say unhappily?—for us men, our wives have hardly ever attained such an ascendency as to henpeck their husbands, a custom often discoverable among the so-called civilized countries. In tracing the history of any nation, we invariably seem to come across an age in which the female sex was more or less brought under subjection. The ancient Teutonic race is said, even during its barbarous times, to have regarded the gentler sex with greatest respect and courtesy, but if we turn to the common law of England, we find the assertion quite inconsistent with it. Unfortunately for them Japanese women have thus far been deprived of many rights, and also of the means of elevating themselves; but to-day the education of our girls is receiving the greatest attention from our educational department. The prospect is cheering and it may safely be predicted that, at no distant day, our scholastic institutions will produce myriads of schoolmarms, that pleasing feature of the New England landscape.

Japanese young ladies are generally admired by foreigners as pleasing and graceful in their deportment, and for their gentleness, neatness and good taste in dress. As far as my recollection goes, I can say thus much, that they are generally demure and diffident in society, and apparently fall short of such an activity and ease of manner as is shown by American young ladies. Our misses neither reduce the size of their feet, like the Chinese, nor contract their waists, like the Western ladies, nor wilfully injure what is given to them; that is by piercing through the ears, a custom prevalent almost everywhere, both in the civilized countries of Europe and America and the half-civilized countries of Asia. Among our married women it has, from ancient times, been the custom to shave off the eyebrows and to blacken the teeth. This invariably attracts attention of strangers and is not infrequently ridiculed as a most singular and unnatural custom. Every nation has its own customs and peculiarities, and we doubt if those ladies who are inclined to condemn the the custom are normally free from the shade of any singular fashions and peculiarites attendant upon their persons. We have a common saying, "Correct yourself before you criticize others." We glad'y state that our married women are sensible enough to perceive the shortcomings in the custom above alluded to, and it is now noticeable how rapidly it is disappearing.

An Interesting Discovery.

A man following a wounded wolf in Thomas county, Kansas, a few days ago, came across an opening in the rocks at the base of a bluff standing in the unfrequented place, at the entrance of which a number of human bones were lying. Procuring assistance, an examination was made, which resulted in the discovery of a large cave, the floor of which was covered with human skeletons in every conceivable position, while on the floor and walls were shields, spears and other implements of savage warfare. Leading from the first room, or chamber, a hallway about twenty feet long, apparently cut out of the solid rock, was found opening into a circular gallery one hundred feet in diameter, with perpendicular walls rising to a great height. A short distance from the side of the circular gallery and connected with it by an archway a stream of clear pure, cold water was found running over a bed of white sand. It is the opinion of the gentlemen who have made the exploration that much of the work in the interior has been performed by human hands, and more minute inspections of the wonder are about to be made, when many things of great interest to the scientific world will no doubt be brought to light.

Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose that he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, indigestion, etc. A moisture like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, particularly at night, after getting warm in bed, is a very common attendant. Internal, External and Itching Piles yield at once on the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure where all other remedies have failed. Do not delay until the drain upon the system produces permanent disability, but try it and be cured. Price, 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it, and when you cannot obtain it of him, we will send it, prepaid, on receipt of price. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, Ohio. Sold by F. Potts Green. 21-17t

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A.M.	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 25
Flemington	5 29	4 30
Mill Hall	5 34	4 33
Beech Creek	5 50	4 45
Eagleville	5 55	4 50
Howard	6 00	5 01
Mount Eagle	6 18	5 10
Curtin	6 25	5 15
Milesburg	6 36	5 25
Bellefonte	6 46	5 35
Milesburg	6 56	5 45
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 48
Unionville	7 09	5 57
Julian	7 18	6 08
Martha	7 27	6 17
Port Matilda	7 35	6 25
Hannah	7 42	6 33
Fowler	7 48	6 36
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 47
Vail	7 59	6 51
Arriv at Tyrone	8 10	7 02
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 32	8 48
East Tyrone	7 39	8 55
Vail	7 42	8 58
Bald Eagle	7 47	9 02
Hannah	7 55	9 13
Port Matilda	8 00	9 19
Martha	8 07	9 25
Julian	8 15	9 32
Unionville	8 23	9 39
Snow Shoe Int	8 32	9 45
Milesburg	8 34	9 48
Bellefonte	8 47	10 05
Milesburg	8 54	10 08
Curtin	9 06	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 12	10 25
Howard	9 20	10 37
Eagleville	9 38	10 49
Beech Creek	9 40	10 54
Mill Ha	9 54	11 16
Flemington	9 57	11 20
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 01	11 2

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after June 12, 1881:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia 11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg 4 25 a m
" " Williamsport 8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore 9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven 9 40 a m
" " Renovo 11 05 a m
" arr at Erie 7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia 9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg 12 15 p m
" arr. at Williamsport 3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven 4 29 p m
" " Renovo 5 30 p m
" " Kane 10 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at 5 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia 12 10 a m
" " Harrisburg 4 00 p m
" " Williamsport 7 55 p m
" arr at Lock Haven 9 10 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven 7 05 a m
" " Jersey Shore 7 57 a m
" " Williamsport 8 20 a m
" arr at Harrisburg 12 05 p m
" Philadelphia 3 20 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane 6 00 a m
" " Renovo 10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven 11 25 a m
" " Williamsport 12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg 3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia 6 45 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie 11 35 a m
" " Renovo 9 00 p m
" " Lock Haven 10 10 p m
" " Williamsport 11 30 p m
" arr at Harrisburg 3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia 7 35 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport 12 15 a m
" arr at Harrisburg 3 15 a m
" " Philadelphia 7 35 a m

Erie Mail and Fast Line West and Pacific Express East make close connection at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains. Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after March 28, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 5.36 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 7.24 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.12 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.25 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.30 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.30 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.45 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.25 p. m.

S. S. BLAIR, *General Sup't.*

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3. It cannot slip off the shoulder.
4. There is less strain on the buttons of the pantaloons.
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5. It is worn without any inconvenience whatever, and imparts new life to the wearer.
6. It is valuable for children while at their studies, obliging them to always sit erect.

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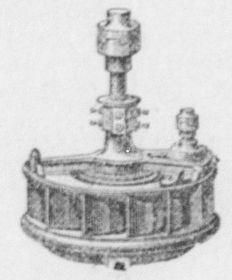

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THE REPUBLICAN IS ALWAYS FULL OF NEWS and other information of interest and value to the people of Centre and neighboring counties.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Railroad travel between this place and Snow Shoe is brisk.

—It is not necessary to skip off to the sea shore to cool off this weather.

—Barbers are doing a rushing business in town this season, and they hone up to it, too.

—Promenaders monopolized the sidewalk room Saturday night. There were millions of 'em afloat.

—A number of our colored citizens attended the A. M. E. camp meeting at Flemington on Sunday.

—This is a good year for comets and circuses, although the latter have not troubled Bellefonte much thus far.

—Watermelons, green corn, cucumbers, etc., are now sold in the Bellefonte markets. Trouble ahead.

—The smoke issuing from the paper mill fire at Lock Haven could be seen at Jacksonville, this county, sixteen miles distant.

—The bill board erected near McCafferty's block, some time ago, was initiated into the business Saturday by one of Coup's bill-posting brigade.

—Billy Jones returned from Gettysburg Thursday night. Billy enjoys the distinction of being the last to leave the battle ground. What courage some men have!

—Hoop-la! A girl who resides in the South ward says she thinks hoop-skirts are just hateful, and always did think so. 'Rah for the South ward damsel, with a chromo thrown in.

—Mr. R. M. Bailey, the telephone man, was in town again Friday. The project of building a line from this place to Snow Shoe is meeting with considerable encouragement from our citizens.

—The big snake belonging to Batchelor & Doris' show died in Uniontown on Monday. Now, for $500, or less money, John Wagner will trot 'em out a snake as is a snake, and inside of a week, too. Eh, John?

—L. L. Brown, the coal merchant, has disposed of one hundred car loads of coal, or 1,200 tons, since May 20th to Bellefonte customers. Evidently our citizens are looking forward to a hard winter.

—Among the acts passed by the last Legislature, and which has now become a law, is an act empowering the prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas to hear applications and grant stay of writs of execution in certain cases.

—Our merchants are dusting off their shelves and preparing to lay in their fall stock of goods. What they should do next, if they desire to dispose of their new goods when they get them, is to make a liberal use of printer's ink.

—Warren Burnside is justly indignant at the treatment received by Bellefonte at the hands of the circus men. He says if Coup's show don't come here "he'll find some fellow what will." Warren will make it all right for us yet.

—It's about time for the workmen excavating on the corner of Spring and High streets to unearth a skeleton, a petrified body, a coffin or some Indian relics. It is always customary to find such things in digging beneath ancient buildings.

—Huntingdon's bicycle club has received its bicycle ordered some time ago. The newspapers over there will now have a soft snap for awhile writing up accounts of fractured ribs and smashed noses. Wish Bellefonte would organize such a club.

—Dr. T. W. Meckly, of Jersey Shore, recently performed an operation for defective vision upon Mr. James Ashley, of Snow Shoe, of nearly two years standing. Mr. Ashley is now at his home, and it is thought the operation will prove successful.

—The largest shipment of cars yet made from the car works since they were started in operation went out on Saturday, sixteen in number, and made a fine looking string. The shops are now compelled to run night and day to keep up with orders. Boom!

—Only one physician has thus far registered at the prothonotary's office in compliance with the bill passed at the last session of the Legislature. Probably the reason that more have not done so is because Prothonotary Harper has but recently received his register.

—A member of Gregg Post says that Comrade Jones returned from Gettysburg minus a duster and a blanket, which some wretch relieved him of one night during a camp racket. This but adds weight, Billy, to the long-established fact that this is a wicked world.

More About that New Railroad.

We find the following in the Lock Haven *Journal* of yesterday:

A charter was issued from the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Monday, at Harrisburg, to the "Susquehanna, Pittsburgh and Western Railway Company," for the term of 999 years, for the purpose of constructing and operating a railroad from the city of Pittsburgh, by the most advantageous route, through the counties of Allegheny, Westmoreland, Armstrong, Clearfield, Centre, Clinton, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Union and Lycoming to the town of Milton, on the Susquehanna river, in Northumberland county, the length of said road to be 225 miles, gauge to be four feet eight and a half inches, capital stock $5,625,000. President, Jas. S. Negley: Directors, H. E. Collins, Frank Hunnings, James S. Negley, Jr., Wm. N. Riddle, H. T. Hanna, Pittsburg; Delose E. Culver, Jersey City; F. W. Lockwood and Charles Seidler, New York City.

The corporators of this new railroae are the same as those who some days ago secured a merger of the New York, Pittsburgh and Chicago of Ohio, the New York, Pittsburgh and Chicago of Pennsylvania, and the Pittsburgh and Chicago Railway Companies of Pennsylvania. The consolidation forms a continuous line from Pittsburgh to Toledo. If the new road is built a continuous line will be secured from Milton to Toledo. At Milton a connection can be made with the Philadelphia and Reading, and thus a western outlet made for that road. There is considerable speculation as to whether this is the object of the new road.

Mad Dog Season.

We are at present experiencing the rabid canine season, and words of advice are therefore in order. A brute thoroughly and unmistakably rabid can neither snap nor bite, so an exchange avers. His tongue is swollen from tip to tip, and it's all he can do to keep from choking to death with his mouth wide open. When the rabies first seize on him, he is dangerous. While he will not go out of his way to snap, he will bite anything, dog or man, that comes in his way, but he will not turn when attacked. He will bite a fence rail as readily, and with as much relish as a fleshy calf. When he has got 'em bad he trots along in a dejected manner, with his tail folded up closely between his legs, his eyes raised and half closed, and his tongue hanging out of his mouth, as red as a lobster, and nearly as big as an old fashioned red sweet potato. It is a curious fact that full blooded dogs hardly ever go mad. It is only the half-breeds and mixed breeds. Very rarely a Newfoundland or bull dog gets the rabies. Bloodhounds very seldom become rabid.

Authorizing Courts to Continue their Terms.

The Governor has approved a bill of the above nature, which provides that the Courts of Common Pleas, the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and the Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the several counties of this Commonwealth, may at any term or session one or more weeks in addition to those already provided by law, and for such additional week or weeks to issue venires for jurors as required for the regular terms or sessions, and may also, if necessary in the opinion of the courts, continue any of said courts (the regular terms or sessions inclusive) during the next succeeding week or weeks, and detain the general panel of jurors in attendance without the issuing of a new venire for the said additional week or weeks and enforce the attendance of parties and witnesses during such continued terms or sessions by all proper orders and process.

An Act of Vandalism.

One night, about two weeks ago, some unknown scoundrel entered the Union cemetery and there left lasting proof of his villainous nature by defacing, in fact, almost destroying, a number of gravestones and monuments. The raised letters on some were entirely removed, the work evidently having been done with a chisel, or some other sharp instrument. Some of the stones mutilated are very costly, and the expense of repairing the damages will be considerable. Anyone who would do such a thing as this would not hesitate to commit any deed of a criminal nature. The dastard should be ferreted out and made to suffer for his malicious work.

—The Bedford *Gazette* says: "We have been informed on good authority that the veritable sheet on which President Lincoln died is now in Bedford, in possession of one of our citizens. The fabric is stained with the martyr's blood, and the impress of his hand, also stained with blood, is distinctly discernible. The relic is said to be accompanied by indisputable documentary evidence of its genuineness."

Judge Gillis.

A writer in the Clearfield *Raftman's Journal* gives the following brief history of the life of Judge Gillis, who was formerly connected with the lumber industry of this county, and was well known to many of our citizens.

"Judge Gillis died at Mount Pleasant, Iowa, a few days since, aged 88 years. He was a native of New York, but came to this State in 1822 and settled in Jefferson county, until the county of Elk was created, when he removed to St. Mary's, the seat of justice. He represented Jefferson and Elk three years in the House, and the same period in the Senate. He was one of the first Associate Judges of Elk county, having been appointed by the late Governor Packer. He was elected to Congress from the Warren and Jefferson district in 1855, and defeated by Judge Scofield in 1858. During the administration of Mr. Buchanan he was appointed Indian agent for the northwest, and continued in office until the accession of President Lincoln, in 1861.

"Whether as a Congressman, Representative, Judge or Agent, every position he held was discharged with fidelity.

"During the anti-Masonic days the Judge was taken from his home in Ridgway upon a requisition from the Governor of New York, charged with kidnapping William Morgan. After being imprisoned a short time he was discharged, there being no proof of his complicity in that transaction, if it ever occurred. Our oldest citizens will remember him as a genial gentleman of the old school. Peace to his ashes."

The Clearfield Fire.

The Altoona *Sun* contains the following in regard to the Clearfield fire, concerning which a dispatch appeared in our issue of Monday:

"The *Sun* has received intelligence of a large fire at Clearfield, which broke out in the roof of the Shaw House, on Market street, shortly after 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon, and destroyed it, together with two old frame buildings adjoining. The fire is supposed to have originated from the flue leading from the kitchen, and caught in the upper story. A. B. Shaw's fine residence, built of firebrick and covered with a slate roof, was damaged to the amount of $500. The destruction of the town was saved only by tearing down fences and sheds, and hard work by the bucket brigade. Great praise is due to the attaches of John Robinson's show for the earnest and effective work which they did. Loss, probably $30,000; partially insured. The property belonged to the Shaw estate."

—Clintondale camp-meeting begins August 11th, which falls on Thursday. Those who are intending to attend camp at this place will be glad to learn that Mr. Joel Kling, of Jacksonville, ex-hotelist, has completed arrangements for conducting a boarding house on the grounds, during the continuance of the meeting, where meals can be had at all hours. Stable accommodations will also be furnished. Mr. Kling is no stranger at this business, and those who patronize him will receive first-class entertainment.

—If we ever saw an angry man, we saw one Friday. He had intended leaving on the 10 o'clock train but didn't. He rushed down to the depot just as the train was moving out, with an umbrella in one hand and a valise in the other. He transferred the umbrella to the hand holding the valise, and made a desperate grab for the car, but missed it by about four inches. When he went up town the expression on his countenance left no doubt that a great commotion was going on inside.

—Mr. Frank B. Stover, proprietor of the High street meat market, purchased two spanking calves last week from Joseph Gates, of Ferguson township. The heaviest one, nine weeks old, weighed 257 pounds, live weight; the other one, eight weeks old, weighed 200 pounds. The former dressed 161 pounds and the latter 127 pounds. If any stock raiser in the county can beat this Mr. S. would like to hear from him.

—It is said that a gentleman of this place, while out calling one evening recently with a lady, borrowed a shawl to wear home instead of an overcoat, but that the lady refused to walk on the street with him under such a covering, in consequence of which there is a coolness now existing between them. This is evidently a case of bad training.

—The oat crop now being harvested is said to be better in this section, both in grain and straw, than it has been for several years back. In Pennsvalley some very fine fields of oats have been harvested, and the same may be said of Nittany and Bald Eagle.

—A good many people in town are suffering from severe colds. This is something unusual for this time of year.

A Death-Dealing Ham.

Mr. Henry Geiswight, of Pennsvalley, bought a sugar-cured ham in Bellefonte recently and took it home with him. Upon cutting into it his wife was surprised to find a cavity in the centre, about the size of a small bowl, the interior being coated with a green substance, throwing off an offensive odor. Not deeming the meat fit for consumption, it was thrown out into the back yard. A few minutes afterwards the house dog came along, seized the ham and began devouring it. The brute had not eaten long before it began to show symptoms of poisoning, and was soon rushing madly about the yard in great agony. No relief came to ease his sufferings, and by sundown it was a dead canine. From this it will be seen that the family had a narrow escape, as it is quite probable that had they partaken of the meat it would have resulted in dangerous illness, if not death.

Query: What was wrong with that ham? The matter should be investigated.

That Houtzdale Shooting.

The Philipsburg *Journal* gives the following particulars of the Houtzdale shooting affair, which resulted from a family quarrel:

"Two Scotchmen, named Summerville and McKensie, have lived neighbors, and the former, against the wishes of the latter, persisted in using water on McKensie's premises. Becoming enraged at Sommerville's continued tresspassing, McKensie got down his shot gun and fired at Summerville, one of the shot penetrating the side of his face and two entering his left side not far from the region of the heart."

It was reported in Bellefonte that the victim, Summerville, had died from his injuries. He is not dead yet, however, and it is thought he will recover. McKensie was arrested and is now under bail.

—Mr. Hugh Adams, of Martha, met with quite a loss a few days since in the destruction, by fire, of the large barn on his farm in Huntingdon county. The farm has been worked for several years by Ellis Iddings, who had just got his crop of grain and about twenty-five tons of hay put away the week before, which, together with a threshing machine, fanning machine, hay fork and tackle, harness for four or six horses, and a general line of farming utensils were burned. His loss is heaviest, being about six hundred dollars, on part of which there was a small insurance. The building was insured.

—Notwithstanding the muddy condition of the streets and the threatening weather, the curb market on Saturday was fully up to the average, both in regard to the number of teams on the ground and buyers in attendance. Fruit and vegetables, excepting apples, were plenty, but butter and eggs scarce. The produce brought the following prices: Eggs 15 cts., butter 15 cts., chickens 50 cts. pair, new potatoes 90 cts. bushel, apples $1 bushel, green corn 20 cts dozen ears, huckleberries and dewberries 8 cents each per quart.

—On Saturday night about half-past ten o'clock the dump, trestle-work and scales at the Derby mines, a short distance from town, owned by Mr. J. N. Cassanova, were totally destroyed by fire, causing a loss of $1,000, on which there was an insurance of $750. The fire is thought, we learn, to be the work of an incendiary. Until the destroyed property can be replaced, operations at the mines will be suspended.—*Philipsburg Journal.*

—The Altoona *Tribune* threatens to expose all persons and companies interested in the insurance on the life of an aged Mill Creek woman who has been lying at death's door for some days past. That's right, Mr. *Tribune*, open your batteries on 'em. Men who engage in such heathenish business are entitled to little consideration, and deserve to be exposed.

—On the 7th of July Mrs. Ligget, mother of John Ligget, of Beech Creek, celebrated her 81st birthday at the residence of her son. Mrs. Elizabeth Quiggle, aged 84 years, and Mrs. Alexander, mother of Senator Alexander, of Bellefonte, aged 82 years, attended the festivities. This is truly a trio of old ladies.—[L. H. Journal.

—Work at the car shops, which was temporarily suspended owing to the breaking of the water wheel, has been resumed on full time. The power is now furnished by steam. The engine, built at Duncan & Co.'s machine shops in this place, runs smoothly and gives good satisfaction, we are informed.

—A Johnstown physician says that flies help to spread small pox. This is clothing the fly with additional importance, and furnishes a strong argument in favor of the inventive minds of the country uniting in the construction of some sort of a wholesale exterminator, warranted not to miss fire.

Music at the N. G. Encampment.

I. The following information from the Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, relative to regimental bands at the Brigade encampment, is published for the guidance of all interested,

"As the law provides for the enlistment of a Brigade Band, if any Regimental Bands are allowed in camp it must be only paid by moneys not derived from State supply.

"Neither transportation nor subsistence can be furnished any other than brigade bands except where regimental bands may be borne upon the rolls of companies as enlisted men. As the law does not comprehend that such class of musicians shall be enlisted, such action in the premises as may be deemed necessary will be taken after the encampment."

II. By the provisions of paragraph III, General Orders No. 12, Adjutant General's Office, it will be seen that the law requiring the attendance of all members of the National Guard at the coming encampment will be rigidly enforced. Excuses for non-attendance can only be granted by the Brigade Commander, and will be allowed only for such reasons as would prevail in actual service. Cases of absolute inability to attend will be considered after the arrival of the Brigade in camp, but not sooner. It will, therefore be useless to apply for excuses before that time. Cases of absence on account of illness of the soldier, or of serious illness in his family, will be strictly investigated, and attempts at imposition, if any, will be severely punished.

III. The inspection rolls, and muster and pay rolls must be completed as nearly as can be before leaving the rendezvous, and the signatures of the men to the muster and pay rolls should be procured prior to leaving camp. The report called for by paragraph III. of General Orders No. 10, Adjutant General's Office, series of 1880, relative to disposition, etc., of funds received from the State, must be prepared before leaving home.

IV. It is recommended that each company provide itself with a Commissary chest and outfit, also at least one spade, one axe, one hatchet and two brooms of the kind known as "stable brooms." By so doing the comfort of the men will be greatly enhanced, and the toil of fatigue parties materially decreased.

By order of Brig. General James A. Beaver.

To Correspondents.

Inquirer—You were misinformed. Work has not yet commenced on Bellefonte's academy of fine arts. In fact, the prospects now are that the work will not begin for seventy-five years yet.

Murphy—We have often heard potatoes called "Murphies" or "tubers," but never *jumbles*. You are evidently slightly off your base. Consult a baker.

Milesburg—No, sir; watermelon rind is not good for a dyspeptic, unless the dyspeptic is desirous of living a while in the other world. If so, a few meals from watermelon rind would aid him wonderfully in accomplishing that object.

Jonathan—There is no law preventing ladies from walking three or four abreast on the pavements. This is unfortunate, but true, and all we can do is to continue the dodging plan or take the street.

Dido—If your object in attending is to obtain spiritual food, it makes little difference where you sit. If you go for the purpose of having a "circus," as many do, your better plan would be to take a seat in the centre of the main isle. A clown should perform where his whole audience can see him.

Antiquity—We never heard that the plug hat worn by Columbus when he sighted America was in the possession of a Gum Stump farmer. Neither were we aware that plug hats were worn to any extent in Columbus' time. Shouldn't wonder if you'd been "stuffed."

Slingo—Your supposition that the baldest liar in the State dwells in Bellefonte is correct, but we cannot give you his name and address in print. It would greatly embarrass him, and might—yes, might get us into a sling. Appoint a rendezvous.

—The Clearfield *Times* says: In conversation with Mr. Bailey, superintendent of the Bell Telephone Co., last Tuesday, he informed us that telephone communication would be extended from Clearfield to Philipsburg this year, probably during the month of September, and with this extension Curwensville will be in communication with Osceola, Houtzdale and other points south. The few miles of road between Osceola and Sandy Ridge will also be closed up, putting this place in communication with Tyrone, Altoona, Hollidaysburg, Bellefonte, Huntingdon and Lock Haven.

—The indications are that very few people from this place will visit Lock Haven on the 13th to attend Coup's show. If the proprietor of the "greatest on earth" wants Bellefonte's recommendation he must bring his "hippofandingus" up here.

—Mr. John Ray returned to Freeburg, Snyder county, Monday, having concluded to continue his studies for another term. John says there are lots of nice looking blondes down that way, which is no doubt the secret of his great hurry to get back.

Philipsburg Jots

A boy named Bottrack, employed at Hoover, Hughes & Co.'s planing mill, slipped and threw his hand on a saw, while passing it, and had one of his fingers badly cut.

Gray, Wolfe & Co. are hauling brick for their new store building, and bricklaying will begin in a few days. The building will be three stories high, with an entrance on both Front and Presquite streets. When completed it will be one of the finest and most extensive business houses in the county.

The Batchelor & Doris circus was here on Friday and drew quite a number of people to town. The usual number of drunks were out in consequence. John Robertson's show was here yesterday, the 26th, and it is reported that another one will be here in a few weeks.

A fire broke out at the Derby mines, owned by Mr. J. N. Cassanova of this place, located about a mile from town, about 10 o'clock on Saturday night, and destroyed the schutes.

CLIFTON.

A Model Township Road.

The Osceola *Reveille* calls upon some of the township officials of Clearfield county to cross over into Rush township, this county, and inspect a township road that is worthy the name. It says: "The people of Woodward and Decatur townships, Clearfield county, are the most tolerent people in the State. They pay more taxes and have worse roads to show for it than any other township we know of. It is a wonder to us they don't refuse to pay another cent until there is some repairs made upon the road. If they would like to see what can be done in the way of making a good road, and on less taxable property, by a person who knows how, let them cross over into Rush township, Centre county, and baring the bridge at Osceola, they will find from the last named place to Sandy Ridge one of the best township roads in the State. All honor to Supervisor Donnelly. But if they do happen to do so, they will be ashamed to look their horses in the face when they return."

—We recently received a letter from our old friend, Nathaniel Beck, who was formerly proprietor of the tobacco store in this place now conducted by A. J. Cruse. Mr. Beck, as many of our readers know, has been located in Tiffin, O., for several years, and it seems a little strange that he has not been struck by Ohio political lightning 'ere this, as he is not a small man, by any means. He says his thoughts often wander over the country to his old stamping-ground, and he finds himself wondering if Bellefonte looks to-day as it did when he shook the dust of her hills from his feet and turned his face westward, and if any of his friends have gone astray and been elected to State's prison. We regretted to learn from his letter that he met with quite a loss some time ago through the failure of a banking house in which his millions were stored. Such things will happen, though, once in a while, even to the wealthy.

—A young man named Foulk, of this place, who it seems is possessed of an unruly nature, was arrested on Sunday for assaulting his father's housekeeper. The lady refused to set out eatables to him between meals in response to his demand, whereupon he seized her by the neck and choked her violently. He was given a hearing Monday, and in default of bail was placed in Ft. Spangler to await trial at August court.

—Messrs. Frank Grice, Charles Richards and Charles McAfferty left on the mail east Monday morning bound for the seashore. Their route will embrace Cape May, New York, Coney Island and other points, and if they don't have a royal good time it will be because of neglected opportunities.

—Clearfield is now talking about water works. A conflagration generally stirs up the population of a town that is at the mercy of the flames for want of such an institution.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, July 29, 1881.

Wheat, No. 1	$1 00
" " 2	90
" " 3	80
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, ear	45
Corn, shelled, old	50
Oats	40
Cloverseed	4 50@5 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	5 00
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	9 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00
PLASTER.	
Cayuga, ground, per ton	$7 10
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Bacon	15
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes per bushel, new	1 00
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	35@50
Dried sweet corn per pound	8